

The Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977

Act 12 of 1977

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HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1977

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THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING

ACT, 1977

(ACT No. 12 of 1977)1

(Received the assent of the President of India on the 3rd September, 1977 and was published in R.H.P. Extra., dated the 30th September, 1977, p. 933-965)

An act to make provision for planning and development and use of land; to make better provision for the preparation of development plans and sectoral

For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see R.H.P. Extra., dated 13-4-1977, p. 360.

plans with a view to ensuring that town planning schemes are nade in a proper manner and their execution is made effective; to constitute the Town and Country and Development Authority for proper implementation of town and country development plan; to provide for the development and a dministration of special areas through the Special Area Development Authority; to make provision for the compulsory acquisition of land required for the purpose of the development plans and for purposes connected with the matters aforesaid.

Be it enacted by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER 1

PRELIMINARY

- 1. Short title, extent, commencement and application.—(1) This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977.
 - (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Himachal Pradesh.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint and different dates may be appointed for different areas and for different provisions of this Act.
 - (4) Nothing in this Act shall apply to-
 - (a) lands comprised within a cantonment under the Cantonments Act, 1924 (2 of 1924);
 - (b) lands owned, hired or requisitioned by the Central Government for the purpose of naval, military and air force works:
 - (c) lands under the control of railway administration for the purpose of construction and maintenance of works under Chapter III of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890); and
 - (d) lands owned by any department of the Central Government where operational constructions are going on.
 - 2. Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - (a) "agriculture" includes horticulture, farming, raising of annual or periodical crops, fruits, vegetables, flowers, grass, fodder, trees or any kind of cultivation of soil, the reserving of land for fodder, grazing or thatching areas, breeding and keeping of livestock including cattle, horses, donkeys, mules, pigs, breeding of fish and keeping of bees, and the use of land ancillary to the farming of land, but does not include—
 - (i) keeping of cattle purely for the purpose of milking and selling the milk and milk products;
 - (ii) a garden which is an appendage of buildings, and the expression "agricultural" shall be construed accordingly;
 - (b) "amenity" includes roads and streets, water and electric supply, open spaces, parks, recreational area, natural feature, play-

grounds, street lighting, drainage, sewerage and other utilities, services and conveniences;

(c) "building" includes any structure or erection, or part of a structure or erection, which is intended to be used for residential, industrial, commercial or other purposes, whether in actual use or not; (2) "building operation" includes—

- (i) erection or re-crection of a building or any part thereof,
- (ii) roofing or re-roofing of any part of building or an open space,
- (iii) any material alteration or enlargement of a building,
- (iv) any such alteration of a building as is likely to alter its drainage or sanitary arrangements, or materially affect its security,

the construction of a door opening on any street or land not belonging to the owner;

"commercial use" means the use of any land or building or part thereof for the purpose of carrying on any trade, business or profession, or sale or exchange of goods of any type whatsoever and includes running of with a view to make profit, hospitals, nursing homes, infirmaries, educational institutions, hostels, restaurants and boarding houses (not being attached to any edu-cational institution), sarais and also includes the use of any land or buildings for storage of goods or as building for storage of goods or as an office whether attached to an industry or other-

wise;
(f) "court" means the principal civil court of original jurisdiction in

the district;
(g) "development" with its grammatical variations means the carrying out of a building, engineering, mining or other operations in, on, over or under land, or the making of any material change in any building or land or in the use of either, and includes subdivision of any land;

(h) "development plan" means interim development plan or development plan prepared under this Act;

(1) "Director" means the Director of Town and Country Planning appointed under this Act;
 (j) "existing land use map" means a map indicating the use to which

lands in any specified area are put at the time of preparing the map. and includes the register prepared, with the map giving details

(k) "land" includes benefits to arise out of land and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything attached to the

earth;

(I) "member" means a member of a Town and Country Development Authority or a Special Area Development Authority, as the case may be, and includes a Chairman thereof ;

(m) "occupier" includes-

(i) a tenant,

(ii) an owner in occupation of or otherwise using his land,

(iii) a rent free tenant,

(iv) a licensee, and

(v) any person liable to pay to the owner, damages for the use and occupation of the land;

(n) "owner" includes a mortageo in possession, a person who for the

time being is receiving or is entitled to receive, or has received, the rent or premium for any land whether on his own account or on behalf of or for the further benefit of any other person or as an agent, trustee, guardian or receiver for any other person or for religious or charitable institutions or who would receive the rent or be entitled to receive the rent or premium if the land were to be let and includes a head of a Government department, General Manager of a Railway and the Chief Executive Officer, by whatever name designated, or a local authority, statutory authority, company, corporation or undertaking in respect of properties under their control;

- (o) "planning area" means any area declared to be planning area under this Act;
- (p) "region" means any area established to be a region under this Act;
- (q) "regional plan" means a plan for the region prepared under this Act and approved by the State Government;
- (r) "sector" means any sector of a planning area for which, under the development plan, a detailed sectoral plan is prepared;
- (s) "slum area" means any predominantly residential area, where the dwellings which by reason of delapidation, over-crowding, faulty arragement of design, lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities or any combination of these factors are detrimental to safety, health or moral and which is defined by a development plan as a slum area;
- (t) "special area" means a special area designated as such under section 66;
- (u) "Special Area Development Authority" means an authority constituted under section 67;
- (v) "Town Development Scheme" means a sheeme prepared for the implementation of the provisions of a development plan by the Town and Country Development Authority; and
- (w) "Town and Country Development Authority" means an authority established under section 40.

CHAPTER II

DIRECTOR OF TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING

- 3. Director and other Officers.—(1) After the commencement of this Act the State Government shall, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint an officer for the purpose of carrying out functions assigned to him under this Act, as the Director of Town and Country Planning for the State and may appoint such other categories of officers as it may deem fit.
- (2) The Director shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as are conferred or imposed upon him by or under this Act and the officers appointed to assist the Director shall, within such areas as the State Government may specify, exercise such powers and perform such duties conferred and imposed on the Director by or under this Act as the State Government may, by special or general order, direct.
- (3) The officers appointed to assist the Director shall be subordinate to him and shall work under his guidance, supervision and control.

CHAPTER III.

REGIONAL PLANNING

- 4. Establishment of regions.—(1) The State Government may, by notification,—
 - (a) declare any area in the State to be a region for the purposes of this Act:
 - (b) define the limits of such area; and
 - (c) specify the name by which such region shall be known.
- (2) The State Government may, by notification, alter the name of any such region and on such alteration, any reference in any law or instrument or other document to the region shall be deemed to be a reference to the region as re-named unless expressly otherwise provided or the context so requires.
 - (3) The State Government may, by notification,-
 - (a) alter the limits of region so as to include therein or exclude therefrom such areas as may be specified in the notification;
 - (b) amalgamate two or more regions so as to form one region;

(c) divide any region into two or more region; or

- (d) declare that the whole or part of the area comprising a region shall cease to be a region or part thereof.
- 5. Director to prepare regional plan.—Subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, it shall be the duty of the Director—
 - (i) to carry out a survey of the regions;
 - (ii) to prepare an existing land use map; and

(iii) to prepare a regional plan.

6. Survey.—(1) The Director shall, with a view to prepare the existing land use map, and other maps as are necessary for the purpose of regional plan,—

(a) carry out such surveys as may be necessary;

- (b) obtain from any department of Government and any local authority such maps, survey reports and land records as may be necessary for the purpose.
- (2) It shall be the duty of every Government department and local authority to furnish, as soon as may be possible, maps, reports and record, as may be required by the Director.
- 7. Contents of regional plan:—The regional plan shall indicate the manner in which land in the region should be used, the phasing of development, the net work of communications and transport, the proposals for conservations and development of natural resources, and in particular—
 - (a) allocation of land to such purposes as residential, industrial, agricultural or as forests or for mineral exploitation;

(b) reservation of open spaces for recreational purposes, gardens, tree belts, and animal sanctuaries;

(c) access or development of transport and communication facilities such as roads, railways, water ways, and the allocation and development of air ports;

(d) requirements and suggestions for development of public utilities such as water supply, drainage and electricity;

(e) allocation of areas to be developed as "Special areas" wherein new towns, townships, large industrial estates or any other type of large development projects may be established;

(f) landscaping and the preservation of areas in their natural state;
 (g) measures relating to the prevention of erosion, including rejuvenation of forest areas;

(h) proposals relating to irrigation, water supply or flood control works.

- 8. Preparation of regional plan.—(1) After preparation of the existing land use map, the Director shall cause to be prepared a draft regional plan and published it by making a copy thereof available for inspection and publishing a notice in such form and manner as may be prescribed inviting objections and suggestions from any person with respect to the draft plan before such date as may be specified in the notice, such date not being earlier than sixty days from the publication of the notice. Such notice shall specify in regard to the draft plan the following particulars, namely:—
 - (a) the existing land use map and the narrative report thereon;
 - (b) a narrative report supported by necessary map and charts explaining the provisions of the draft plan;
 - (c) a note indicating the priorities assigned to works included in the draft plan and the phasing of the programme of development as such;
 - (d) a notice on the role being assigned to different departments of Government, the Town and Country Development Authorities, the Special Area Development Authorities, and the Local Authorities in the enforcement and implementation of draft plan.
- (2) The Director shall consider all the objections and suggestions received by him within the period specified in the notice under sub-section (1) and shall, after giving a reasonable opportunity to all persons affected thereby of being heard, prepare the regional plan containing such modifications, if any, as he considers necessary and submit it to the State Government for approval together with all connected documents, plans, maps and charts.
- 9. Finalisation of regional plan.—(1) The State Government may approve the draft regional plan submitted under section 8 with or without modification or reject or return the same to the Director for reconsideration.
- (2) Immediately after the draft regional plan is approved under sub-section (1) the State Government shall publish in such manner, as may be prescribed, a notice stating that the regional plan has been approved and mentioning a place where a copy of the plan may be inspected at all reasonable hours and shall specify therein a date on which the regional plan shall come into operation:

Provided that where the State Government approves the draft regional plan with modifications, it shall not be published, unless the State Government having published such modifications in the Official Gazette alongwith a notice inviting objections and suggestions thereon, within a period of not less than thirty days from the date of publication of such notice have considered the objections and suggestions after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to persons affected thereby.

- 16. Restriction on use of land of development thereof.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, on or after the date of publication of the draft regional plan, no person, authority, department of Government or any other person shall change the use of land for any purpose other than agriculture, or carry out any development in respect of any land contrary to the provisions of the draft plan, without the prior approval of the Director or any officer next to him authorised by the Director, in this behalf.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, the permission referred to in sub-section (1) shall not be granted otherwise than in conformity with the provision of the draft or final plan and no permission, if granted, shall be construed to confer any legal right whatsoever on the person seeking the permission.
- (3) If any work is carried out in contravention of the provisions of this section, the Municipal Corporation or Municipal Committee within its local area, and the Collector in area outside such local areas, may cause such work to be removed or demolished at the cost of the defaulter, which shall be recovered from him in the same manner as an arrear of land rvenue:

Provided that no action shall be taken under this sub-section unless the person concerned is given a reasonable opportunity of being heard and a notice calling upon him to remove or demolish the work within a time specified therein.

- (4) Any person aggrieved by the order of the Municipal Corporation, Municipal Committee or Collector, as the case may be, calling up to remove or demolish the work may prefer an appeal to the Director within fifteen days of the receipt of the notice under sub-section (3) and the order of the Director in such appeal shall be final.
- 11. Exclusion from claims of amount in certain cases.—Where the regional plan assigns a particular land use to a certain areas and any land situate therein is already put to such use, subject to substantially similar restrictions in force under any other law which was in force on the date on which restrictions were imposed by or under this Act and if amount in respect of such restrictions have already been paid under any such other law which was in force for the time being in respect of the property or any right or interest therein to the claimant, or any predecessor in interest of the claimant, the owner shall not be entitled to any further amount on account of injury or damage caused to his rights by reasons of the restrictions placed on the use of the land under the provisions of this Act.
 - 12. Review of regional plan.—(1) The Director may, on his own motion or if so required by the State Government, at any time after a regional plan has come into operation, undertake the review and evaluation of the regional plan andmake such modification in it as may be justified by the circumstances.
 - (2) The foregoing provisions of this Chapter shall, so far as they can be made applicable, apply to the modifications under sub-section (1) as these provisions apply in relation to the preparation, publication and approval of a regional plan.

 CHAPTER IV

PLANNING AREA AND DEVELOPMENT PLANS

13. Planning area. -(1) The State Government may by notification.

constitute planning areas for the proposes of this Act and define the limits thereof.

- (2) The State Government may, by notification,-
 - (a) alter the limits of a planning area so as to include therein or exclude therefrom such area as may be specified in the notification;

(b) amalgamate two or more planning areas so as to constitute one planning area;
(c) divide any planning area into two or more planning areas;

- (d) declare that the whole or part of the area constituting the planning area shall cease to be planning area or part thereof.
- 14. Director to prepare development plans.—Subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the director shall-
 - (a) prepare an existing land use map;(b) prepare an interim development plan;

(c) prepare a development plan;

(d) prepare a sectoral plan;

(e) carry such surveys and inspections and obtain such pertinent reports from Government departments, local authorities and public institutions as may be necessary for the preparation of the plans :

(f) perform such duties and functions as are supplemental, incidental, and consequential to any of the foregoing functions or as may be assigned by the State Government for the purpose of carrying

out the provisions of this Act.

- 15. Existing land use maps.—(1) The Director shall carry out the survey and prepare an existing land use map and, forthwith publish the same in such manner as may be prescribed together with public notice of the preparation of the map and of the place or places where the copies may be inspected, inviting objections and suggestions in writing from any person with respect thereto within thirty days from the date of publication of such notice.
- (2) After the expiry of the period specified in the notice published under subsection (1), the Director may, after allowing a reasonable opportunity of being heard to all such persons who have filed the objections or suggestions, make such modifications therein as may be considered desirable.
- (3) As soon as may be after the map is adopted with or without modifications the Director shall publish a public notice of the adoption of the map and the place or places where the copies of the same may be inspected.
- (4) A copy of the notice shall also be published in the Official Gazette and it shall be conclusive evidence of the fact that the map has been duly prepared and adopted.
- 16. Freezing of land use.—On the publication of the existing land use map under section 15-
 - (a) no person shall institute or change the use of any land or carry out any development of land for any purpose other than that

indicated in the existing land use map without the permission in writing of the Director:

Provided that the Director shall not refuse permission if the change

is for the purpose of agriculture;

- (b) no local authority or any officer or other authority shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, grant permission for the change in use of land otherwise than as indicated in the existing land use map without the permission in writing of the Director.
- 17. Interim development plans.—As soon as may be, after the declaration of a planning area, the Director shall, within such time as may be necessary, prepare, after consultation with local authorities concerned, if any, and submit to the State Government an interim development plan for the planning area or any of its parts and such other area or areas contiguous or adjacent to the planning areas as the State Government may direct to be included in the interim development plan.
 - (2) The interim development plan shall-
 - (a) indicate broadly the land use proposed in the planning area;
 - (b) allocate broadly areas or sector of land for—
 - (1) residential, industrial, commercial or agricultural purposes; (ii) open spaces, parks and gardens, green belts, zoological gardens and play-grounds

(iii) public institutions and offices;

(iv) such special purposes as the Director may deem fit;

- (c) lay down the pattern of National and State Highways connecting the planning area with the rest of the region, ring roads, arterial roads and the major roads within the planning areas;
- (d) provide for the location of airports, railway stations, bus termini and indicate the proposed extension and development of railways and canals;
- (e) make poposals for general landscaping and preservation of natural areas;
- (f) project the requirement of the planning area of such amenities and utilities as water, drainage, electricity and suggest their ful-
- (g) propose broad based regulations for sectoral development, by way of guide-lines, within each sector of the location, height, size of buildings and structures, open spaces, court-yards and the use to which such buildings and structures and land may be
- (h) lay down the broad-based traffic circulation patterns in a city (i) suggest architectural control features, elevation and frontage of

buildings and structures;

(j) indicate measures for flood control, prevention of air and water pollution, disposal of garbage and general environmental control.

(3) Subject to provisions of the rules made under this Act for regulating the form and contents of the interim development plan any such plan shall include such maps and such descriptive matter as may be necessary to explain and illustrate the proposals in the interim development plan,

- (4) As soon as may be, after the submission of the interim development plan under sub-section (1), the State Government may either approve the interim development plan or may approve it with such modification as it may consider necessary.
- (5) The State Government shall publish the interim development plan as approved under sub-section (4) in the Official Gazette. The interim development plan shall come into operation from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette and shall be binding on all local authorities functioning within the planning area.

18. Development plan -A development plan shall-

(a) indicate broadly the land use proposed in the planning areas;

(b) allocate broadly areas or sector of land for,—

- (i) residential, industrial, commercial or agricultural purposes;
- (ii) open spaces, parks and gardens, green belts, zoological gardens and play-grounds;

(iii) public institutions and offices;

- (iv) such special purposes as the Director may deem fit;
- (c) lay down the pattern of National and State Highways connecting the planning area with the rest of the region, ring roads, arterial roads and the major roads within the planning area;
 - (d) provide for the location of air-ports, railway stations, bus termini and indicate the proposed extension and development of railways;
 - (e) make proposals for general landscaping and preservation of natural areas:
 - (f) project the requirement of the planning area of such amenities and utilities as water, drainage, electricity and suggest their fulfilment;
 - (g) propose broad-based regulations for sectoral development, by way of guide-lines, within each sector of the location, height, size of buildings and structures, open spaces, court-yards and the use to which such buildings and structures and land may be put;
 - (h) lay down the broad-based traffic circulation patterns in a city;
 - (i) suggest architectural control features, elevation and frontage of buildings and structures;
 - (j) indicate measures for flood control, prevention of air and water pollution, disposal of garbage and general environmental control.
- 19. Publication of draft development plan.—(1) The Director shall forthwith publish the draft development plan prepared under section 18 in such manner as may be prescribed together with a notice of the preparation of the draft development plan and the place or places where the copies may be inspected, inviting objections and suggestions in writing from any person with respect thereto, within thirty days from the date of publication of such notice. Such notice shall specify in regard to the draft development plan the following particulars, namely:—
 - (i) the existing land use maps;
 - (ii) a narrative report, supported by maps and charts, explaining the
 provisions of the draft development plan;
 - (iii) the phasing of implementation of the draft development plan as suggested by the Director;

- (iv) the provisions for enforcing the draft development plan and stating the manner in which permission to development may be obtained;
- (ν) an approximate estimate of the cost of land acquisition for public purposes and the cost of works involved in the implementation of the plan.
- (2) The Director shall, not later than ninety days after the date of expiry of the notice period under sub-section (1), consider all the objections and suggestions as may be received within the period specified in the notice under sub-section (1) and shall, after giving reasonable opportunity to all persons affected thereby of being heard, make such modifications in the draft development plan as he may consider necessary, and submit, not later than six months after the publication of the draft development plan, the plan so modified, to the State Government for approval together with all connected documents, plans, maps and charts.
- 20. Sanction of development plans.—(1) As soon as may be after the submission of the development plan under section 19, the State Government may either approve the development plan or may approve it with such modifications as it may consider necessary or may return it to the Director to modify the same or to prepare a fresh plan in accordance with such directions as it may issue in this behalf.
- (2) Where the State Government approves the development plan with modifications, the State Government shall, by a notice, published in the Official Gazette, invite objections and suggestions in respect of such modifications within a period of not less than thirty days from the date of publication of the notice in the Official Gazette.
- (3) After considering objections and suggestions and after giving a hearing to the persons desirous of being heard the State Government may confirm the modification in the development plan.
- (4) The State Government shall publish the development plan as approved, under the foregoing provisions in the Official Gazette and shall along with the plan publish a public notice, in such manner as may be prescribed, of the approval of the development plan and the place or places where the copies of the approved development plan may be inspected.
- (5) The development plan shall come into operation from the date of publication thereof in the Official Gazette and as from such date shall be binding on all Development Authorities consituted under this Act and all Local Authorities functioning within the planning area.
- (6) After the coming into operation of the development plan, the interim development plan shall stand modified or altered to the extent the proposals in the development plan are at variance with the interim development plan.

CHAPTER V

SECTORAL PLAN

21. Director to prepare sectoral plan.—The Director may, on his own motion, at any time after the publication of the development plan, or

thereafter, if so required by the State Government shall, within six months of such requisition, prepare a sectoral plan.

- Contents of sectoral plan.—(1) The sectoral plan shall enlarge the details of land use as indicated in the development plan and shall--
 - (a) indicate the land liable to acquisition for public purpose or the purposes of the Union Government, the State Government, the Town and Country Development Authority, the Special Area Authority, the Local Authority or any other Development authority established by or under any enactment for the time being

Provided that no land shall be so designated unless the acquisition proceedings are likely to be completed within ten years of the

preparation of the plan;

(b) define in detail and provide for areas reserved for agriculture, public and semi-public open spaces, parks, play-grounds, gardens, recreational areas, green belts and nature reserves;

(c) allocate in detail areas or sectors for residential, commercial,

industrial, agricultural and other purposes;
(d) define and provide for the complete road and street pattern for the present and in the future and indicate the traffic circulation;

(e) lay down in detail the projected road and street improvement; (f) indicate and provide for areas reserved for public buildings, institutions and civic developments;

(g) assess, make projections for and provide for the future requirements of amenities, services, and utilities such as municipal, tran-

sport, electricity, water and drainage;

(h) prescribe in detail the sectoral regulations for each sector, with a view to facilitating an individual layout and regulating the location, height, number of storeys and its size of buildings, and other structures, the size of the court-yards, courts and other open spaces and the use of the buildings, structures and land;

(i) define areas which have been badly laid out or areas which have developed so as to form slums, and provide for their proper

development and/or relocation;

- designate areas for future development and expansion; (k) indicate the phasing of the programme of development.
- (2) The sectoral plan may and if possible shall, indicate-

(a) control over architectural features; elevation and frontage of buildings and structures; and

(b) the details of development of specific areas for housing, shopping centres, industrial areas, educational and cultural institutions and civic centres.

- 23. Provisions of sections 19 and 20 to apply to sectoral plan.-The provisions of sections 19 and 20 shall apply for the preparation, publication, approval and operation of sectoral plan as they apply in respect of the development plan.
- 24. Review of development plan and sectoral plan.—The Director may on his own motion or if so required by the State Government shall, at any time after the sectoral plan has come into operation, undertake a review and evaluation of the development plan and sectoral plan.

(2) The foregoing provisions of sections 19, 20 and 23 shall, so far as may be, apply to the modification under sub-section (1) as those provisions apply in relation to the preparation, publication and approval of a development plan or a sctoral plan.

CHAPTER VI

CONTROL OF DEVELOPMENT AND USE OF LAND

- 25. Director to control land use.—The over all control of development and the use of land in the planning area shall, as from the date of publication in the Official Gazette of a notification by the State Government, vest in the director.
- 26. Conformity with development plan.—(I) After coming into force of the development plan, the use and development of land shall conform to the provisions of the development plan:

Provided that the Director may, at his discretion, permit the continued use of land for the purpose for which it was being used at the time of the coming into operation of the development plan:

Provided further that such permission shall not be granted for a period exceeding seven years from the date of coming into operation of the development plan.

27. Prohibition of development without permission.—After coming into operation of the development plan, no person shall change the use of any land or carry out any development of land without the permission in writing of the Director:

Provided that no such permission shall be necessary—

(a) for carrying out works for the maintenance, repair or alteration of any building which does not materially after the external ap-

pearance of the buildings;

(b) for carrying out work for the improvement or maintenance of a high-way; road or public street by the Union or State Government or an authority established under this Act or by a local authority having jurisdiction, provided that such maintenance or improvement does not change the road alignment contrary to the provisions of the development plan;

(c) for the purpose of inspecting, repairing or renewing any drain, sewers, mains, pipes, cables, telephone or other apparatus including the breaking open of any street or other land for that pur-

(d) for the excavation or soil shaping in the interest of agriculture;

(e) for restoration of land to its normal use where land has been used temporarily for any other purposes;
(f) for use for any purpose incidental to the use of building for human

habitation, or any other building or land attached to such buildings;

(g) for the construction of a road intended to give access to land solely for agricultural purposes.

- 28. Development undertaken on behalf of Union or State Government.—
 (1) When the Union Government or the State Government intends to carry out development of any land for the purpose of its departments or offices or authorities, the officer-in-charge thereof shall inform in writing to the Director the intention of the Government to do so, giving full particulars thereof, accompanied by such documents and plans as may be prescribed at least thirty days before undertaking such development.
- (2) Where the Director raises any objection to the proposed development on the ground that the development is not in conformity with the provisions of the development plan, the officer shall,—
 - (i) make necessary modifications in the proposals for development to meet the objections raised by the Director; or
 - (11) submit the proposal for development together with the objections raised by the Director to the State Government for decision:

Provided that where no modification is proposed by the Director within thirty days of the receipt of the proposed plan by the Government, the plan will be presumed to have been approved.

- (3) The State Government, on receipt of the proposals for development together with the objections of the Director shall, approve the proposals with or without modifications or direct the officer to make such modifications in the proposals as it considers necessary in the circumstances.
- (4) The decision of the State Government under sub-section (3) shall be final and binding.
- 29. Development by local authority or by any authority constituted under this Act.—Where a local authority or any authority specially constituted under this Act intends to carry out development on any land for the purpose of that authority, the procedure applicable to the Union or State Government under section 28 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply in respect of such authority.
- 30. Application for permission for development by others.—(1) Any person, not being the Union Government, State Government, a local authority or a special authority constituted under this Act intending to carry outany development on any land, shall make an application in writing to the Director for permission, in such form and containing such particulars and accompanied by such documents as may be prescribed.
- (2) Such application shall also be accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed.
- 31. Grant or refusal of permission.—(1) On receipt of an application under section 30 the Director may, subject to the provisions of this Act by order in writing—

(a) Grant the permission unconditionally;

- (b) Grant the permission, subject to such conditions as may be deemed necessary under the circumstances; or
- (c) refuse the permission.
- (2) Every order granting permission subject to conditions, or refusing

permission shall state the grounds for imposing such conditions or for such refusal.

- (3) Any permission granted under sub-section (2) with or without conditions shall be in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) Every order under sub-section (2) shall be communicated to the applicant in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (5) If the Director does not communicate his decision whether to grant or refuse permission to the applicant withion six months from the date of receipts of his application, such permission shall be deemed to have been granted to the applicant on the date immediately following the date of expiry of six months:

Provided that incomputing the period of six months the period in between the date of requisitioning any further information or documents from the applicant and date of receipt of such information or documents from the applicant shall be excluded.

- 32. Appeal.—(1) Any applicant aggrieved by an order granting permission on conditions or refusing permission under section 31 may, within thirty days of the date of communication of order to him prefer an appeal to an officer not below the rank of a Commissioner, appointed by the State Government in this behalf, and such an appeal shall be made in such manner and accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed.
- (2) The officer appointed under sub-section (1) may, after giving a reasonable opportunity to the appellant and the Director to be heard, by order, dismiss the appeal or allow the appeal by granting permission unconditionally or subject to the conditions as modified.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of section 33 the order of the appellate authority shall be final.
- 33. Revision.—The State Government may, at anytime, but not later than twelve months of the passing of the order, on its own motion or on an application filed by the person aggrieved by any order of the appellate authority under section 32 within thirty days of the date of communication of such order to him, call for and examine the record of any case disposed of by Director under section 31 or appellate authority under section 32 for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the correctness of the order and as to the regularity of any proceeding of the Director or the appellate authority and may, when calling such record direct that the execution of the order be suspended. The State Government may, after examining the record, pass such order as it thinks fit and its order shall be final and no further application for revision or review thereof shall lie:

Provided that no order shall be passed unless the person affected thereby and the Director have been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

34. Lapse of permission.—Every permisson granted under section 31 or section 32 or section 33 shall remain inforce for a period of one year from the date of such grant and thereafter it shall lapse:

Provided that the Director may, on an application, extend such period from year to year but the total period shall, in no case exceed three years from the date on which the permission was initially granted:

Provided further that such lapse shall not bar any subsequent application for fresh permission under this Act.

- 35. Obligation to acquire land.—(1) Where any land is designated by a development plan as subject to compulsory acquisition,—
 - (a) for development for the purpose of town expansion or town improvement, or
 - (b) for development for the purpose of the Union or State Government or a local authority or a Special Area Development Authority constituted under this Act, or
 - (c) for development as a highway or a public utility services and the owner of the land claims—
 - (i) the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state, or
 - (ii) the permission to develop land is given subject to conditions, that the land cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by carrying out the permitted development in accordance with the conditions, or
 - (iii) the sale value of the land has diminished because of the designation of the land for acquisition or development,

such owner may serve on the State Government within such time in such manner and together with such documents as may be prescribed, a notice requiring the appropriate authority to purchase his interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

- (2) On receipt of the notice under sub-section (1) the State Government shall forthwith call from the Director and the appropriate authority such report or records, or both as may be necessary, which these authorities shall forward to the State Government as soon as possible but not later than thirty days from the date of their requisition.
 - (3) On receiving such records or reports the State Government may—
 - (a) if it is satisfied that the conditions specified in sub-section (1) are fulfilled, and that the order of decision for permission was not duly made on the ground that the applicant did not comply with any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, confirm the notice or direct that the permission be granted without conditions or subject to such conditions as will make the land capable of reasonably beneficial use;
 - (b) in any other case, refuse to confirm the notice but in that case, the applicant shall be given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.
- (4) If within a period of one year from the date on which the notice is served, the State Government does not pass any final order thereon, the notice shall be deemed to have been confirmed at the expiration of that period.
- (5) Upon confirmation of the notice the State Government shall, within a period of one year of such confirmation, proceed to acquire the land or that part of any land regarding which the notice has been confirmed in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

- 36. Deletion of reservation of designated land from draft or final development plan.—(1) The appropriate authority, if it is satisfied that the land is not or is no longer required for the public purpose for which it is designated or reserved or allocated in the draft development plan or sectoral plan, or the final development plan or sectoral plan may request,—
 - (a) the Director to sanction the deletion of such designation or reservation or allocation from the draft development plan or sectoral plan; or
 - (b) the State Government to sanction the deletion of such designation or reservation or allocation from the final development plan or sectoral plan.
- (2) On receipt of such request from the appropriate authority, the Director or, as the case may be, the State Government may make an order sanctioning the deletion of such designation or reservation or allocation from the relevant plans:

Provided that the Director or, as the case may be, the State Government may, before making any order, make such enquiry as he/it may consider necessary and satisfy himself /itself that such reservation or designation or allocation is no longer necessary in the public interest.

- (3) Upon an order under sub-section (2) being made the land shall be deemed to be released from such designation, reservation or allocation, as the case may be, and shall become available to the owner for the purpose of development as otherwise permissible in the case of adjacent land under the relevant plan.
- 37. Power of revocation and modification or permission to development.—
 (1) If it appears to the Town and Country Development Authority or Special Area Development Authority that it is expedient, having regard to the development plan prepared or under preparation and to any other material considerations, that any permission to develop land granted under this Act or any other law, should be revoked or modified, the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority may, by an order, revoke or modify the permission to such extent as appears to it to be necessary:

Provided that-

- (a) where the permission related to the carrying out or other operations, no such orders—
 - (i) shall affect such of the operations as have been previously carried out;
 - (ii) shall be passed after those operations have been completed;
- (b) where permission related to a change of use of land, no such order shall be passed at any time after the change has taken place.
- (2) Where permission is revoked or modified by an order under the last foregoing section, and the owner claims from the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority, within the time and in the manner prescribed, amount in lieu of the expenditure

incurred in carrying out the works after the grant of permission and in accordance with such permission, which has been rendered abortive by the revocation or modification, the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority shall, after giving the owners reasonable opportunity of being heard by the Town Planning Officer and after considering his report, assess and offer subject to provisions of section 11 such amount to the owner as it thinks fit.

- (3) If the owner does not accept the amount and gives notice within such time as may be prescribed, of his refusal to accept, the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority shall refer the matter for the adjudication of the court and the decision of the court shall be final and be binding on the owner and the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority.
- 38. Penalty for unauthorised development or for use otherwise than in conformity with development plan.—Any person who, whether at his own instance or at the instance of any other person, commences, undertakes or carries out any development or changes use of any land—
 - (a) without permission required under this Act;
 - (b) in contravention of the permission granted or any condition subject to which such permission has been granted;
 - (c) after the permission for development has been duly revoked; or
 - (d) in contravention of any permission which has been duly modified;

shall, without prejudice to any action that may be taken under section 39, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both, and in the case of a continuing offence with further fine which may extend to two hundred rupees for every day during which the offence continues after conviction for the first commission of the offence.

- 39. Power to require removal of unauthorised development.—(1) Where any development has been carried out as indicated in section 38 the Director may, within five years of such development, serve on the owner a notice requiring him, within such period being not less than one month and not exceeding three months as may be specified therein from the date of service of the notice—
 - (a) in cases specified in clause (a) or (c) of section 38 to restore the land to its condition existing before the said development took place;
 - (b) in cases specified in clause (b) or (d) of section 38 to secure compliance with the conditions or with the permission as modified:

Provided that where the notice requires the discontinuance of any use of land, it shall be served on the occupier also.

- (2) In particular, such notice may, for purpose of sub-section (1), require-
 - (a) the demolition or alteration of any building or works,
 - (b) the carrying out on land of any building or other operations, or
 - (c) the discontinuance of any use of land.
- (3) Any person aggrieved by such notice may, within fiften days of the receipt of the notice and in the manner prescribed, apply to the Director for permission for retention on the land of any building or works or for the continuance of any use of the land, to which the notice relates and till the time the application is disposed of, the notice shall stand withdrawn.
- (4) The foregoing provisions of this chapter, shall so far as may be applicable, apply to an application under sub-section (3).
- (5) If the permission applied for is granted, the notice shall stand withdrawn, but if the permission applied for is not granted, the notice shall stand, or if such permission is granted for the retention only of some buildings, or works, or for the continuance of use of only a part of the land, the notice shall stand withdrawn as respects such buildings or works or such part of the land, but shall stand as respects other buildings or works or other parts of the land, as the case may be; and thereupon the owner shall be required to take steps specified in the notice under sub-section (1) as respects to such other buildings, works or part of the land.
- (6) If within the priod specified in the notice or within the same period after the disposal of the application, the notice or so much of it as stands is not complied with, the Director may,—
 - (a) prosecute the owner for not complying with the notice and whether the notice requires the discontinuance of any use of land, any other person also who uses the land or causes or permits the land to be used in contravention of the notice, and
 - (b) where the notice required the demolition or any alteration of any building or works or carrying out of any building or other operations itself, cause the restorations of the land to its condition before the development took place and secure compliance with the condition of the permission or with the permission as modified by taking such steps as the Director may consider necessary, including demolition or alteration of any building or works or carrying out of any building or other operations, and recover the amount of any expenses incurred by him in this behalf from the owner as arrears of land revenue.
- (7) Any person prosecuted under clause (a) of sub-section (6) shall, on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both, and in the case of a continuing offence with further fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees for every day during which the offence continues after conviction for the first commission of the offence.

CHAPTER VII

TOWN AND COUNTRY DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

40. Establishment of Town and Country Development Authority.—(1) The State Government may, by notification, establish a Town and Country Development

Authority by such name and for such area as may be specified in the notification. If the State Government considers the local authority or authorities or any other authorities like State Housing Board, the State Government may, by notification, designate such authority or authorities as the Town and Country Development Authority or Authorities for a particular area or areas to perform the functions of the Town and Country Development Authority or Authorities under this Act in addition to their own duties and functions and in such cases sections 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 and 48 of this Act will not operate.

- (2) The duty of implementing the proposal in the development plan, preparing one or more town development schemes, and acquisition and development of land for the purposes of expansion or improvement of the area specified in the notification under sub-section (1) shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, vest in the Town and Country Development Authority established for the said area.
- 41. Incorporation of Town and Country Development Authority.—Every Town and Country Development Authority shall be a body corporate by the name specified in the notification under section 40, and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, with power to acquire and hold property, both movable and immovable, and subject to the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder, to transfer any property held by it, to contract and to do all other things necessary for the purposes of this Act and may sue and be sued in its corporate name.
- 42. Constitution of Town and Country Development Authority.—Every Town and Country Delopment Authority shall consist of—
 - (a) a Chairman,
 - (b) other members not exceeding six.

The Chairman and the members shall be appointed by the State Government:

Provided that the State Government may, if it considers it necessary so to do, constitute a single member Town and Country Development Authority.

- 43. Term of office of Chairman and other members.—(1) The names of the Chairman and the members shall be notified in the Official Gazette.
- (2) The term of office of the Chairman and the members shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (3) The person ceasing to be a Chairman or member by reason of the expiry of his term of office, shall if otherwise qualified be eligible for reappointment.
- 44. Resignation of members and filling of casual vacancy.—(1) Every person becoming a member under clause (b) of section 42 may at any time resign his office by writing under his hand addressed to the Chairman, and upon receipt of resignation by the Chairman, the office of the member shall become vacant.
- (2) If the State Government considers that the continuance in office of any member is not in the public interest, the State Government may make an order terminating his appointment and thereupon he shall cease to be a member of

the Town and Country Development Authority, notwithstanding that the term for which he was appointed has not expired.

- (3) In the event of a vacancy occurring in the office of the Chairman or any member, the vacancy shall be filled by the State Government in accordance with the provisions of section 42 and the person so appointed shall hold office for remainder of the term of his predecessor.
- 45. Remuneration of Chairman.—(1) No member, other than the Chairman, shall receive any emoluments except such alllowances as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Chairman shall receive such salary and allowances and shall be subject to such terms and conditions of service as may be prescribed.
- 46. Leave of absence and appointment, etc. of acting Chairman.—(1) The State Government may grant leave to the Chairman subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) Whenever the Chairman is granted leave the State Government may appoint a person to act as Chairman in his place.
- 47. Meeting of Town and Country Development Authority.—(1) The meetings of the Town and Country Development Authority shall be held at such time and such place as may be laid down by regulations:

Provided that until regulations are made in this behalf such meeting shall be convened by the Chairman.

- (2) The quorum of meeting shall, unless otherwise provided by regulations, be one-third of the total number of members of the Town and Country Development Authority.
- (3) The Town and Country Development Authority shall make regulations to provide for the conduct of its business.
- 48. Chief Executive Officer.—(1) There shall be a Chief Executive Officer of every Town and Country Development Authority who shall also act as the Secretary of the Authority.
 - (2) The Chief Executive Officer shall be appointed by the State Government.
- 49. Other officers and servants.—(1) Every Town and Country Development Authority may appoint such other officers and servants as may be necessary and proper for the efficient discharge of its duties:

Provided that no post shall be created save with prior sanction of the State Government:

Provided further that the power of appointment shall be subject to such restrictions as the State Government may, from time to time, impose.

50. Conditions of service of Chief Executive Officer and other officers and servants.—(1) The Chief Executive Officer under section 48 and other officers and servants appointed under section 49 shall work under the superintendence and control of the Chairman.

- (2) The State Government may make rules in respect of recruitment, qualifications, appointment, scale of pay, leave, leave allowance, loans, pension and other service conditions of the Chief Executive Officer and other officers and servants.
- 51. Town development schemes.—A town development scheme may make provision for any of the following matters:—
 - (i) acquisition, development and sale or leasing of land for the purpose of town expansion;
 - (ii) acquisition, relaying out of, rebuilding or relocating areas which have been badly laid out or which have developed or degenerated into a slum;
 - (iii) acquisition and development of land for public purposes such as housing development, development of shopping centres, cultural centres, administrative centres;
 - (iv) acquisition and development of areas for commercial and industrial purposes;
 - (v) undertaking of such building or construction work as may be necessary to provide housing, shopping, commercial or other facilities;
 - (vi) acquisition of land and its development for the purpose of laying out or remodelling of road and street pattern;
 - (vii) acquisition and development of land for play-grounds, parks, recreation centres and stadium;
 - (viii) reconstruction of plots for the purpose of buildings, reads, drains, sewarage lines and other similar amenities;
 - (ix) any other work of a nature such as would being about environmental improvements which may be taken up by the authority with the prior approval of the State Government.
- 52. Preparation of town development scheme.—(1) The Town and Country Development Authority may, at any time, declare its intention to prepare a town development scheme.
- (2) Not later than thirty days from the date of such declaration of intention to make a scheme, the Town and Country Development Authority shall publish the declaration in the Official Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) Not later than two years from the date of publication of the declaration under sub-section (2), the Town and Country Development Authority shall prepare a town development scheme in draft form and publish it in such form and manner as may be prescribed together with a notice inviting objections and suggestions from any person with respect to the said draft development scheme before such date as may be specified therein, such date being not earlier than thirty days from the date of publication of such notice.
- (4) The Town and Country Development Authority shall consider all the objections and suggestions as may be received within the period specified in the notice under sub-section (3) and shall, after giving a reasonable opportunity to such persons affected thereby as are desirous of being heard,

or after considering the report of the committee constituted under sub-section (5), approve the draft scheme as published or make such modifications therein as it may deem fit.

- (5) Where the town development scheme relates to reconstitution of plots, the Town and Country Development Authority shall, not withstanding anything contained in sub-section (4), constitute a committee consisting of the Chief Executive Officer of the said authority and two other members of whom one shall be representative of the Himachal Pradesh Housing Board and the other shall be an officer of the Public Works Department not below the rank of an Executive Engineer nominated by the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department for the purpose of hearing objections and suggestions received under sub-section (3).
- (6) The Committee constituted under sub-section (5) shall consider the objections and suggestions and give hearing to such persons as are desirous of being heard and shall submit its report to the Town and Country Development Authority within such time as it may fix along with proposals to—
 - (i) define and demarcate the areas allotted to or reserved for public purposes;
 - (ii) demarcate the reconstituted plots;
 - (iii) evaluate the value of the original and the constituted plots;
 - (iv) determine whether the areas reserved for public purpose are wholly or partially beneficial to the residents within the area of the scheme;
 - (v) estimate and apportion the compensation to or contribution from the beneficiaries of the scheme on account of the reconstitution of the plot and reservation of portions for public purpose;
 - (vi) evaluate the increment in value of each reconstituted plot and assess the development contribution leviable on the plot holder:
 - Provided that the contribution shall not exceed half the accrued increment in value;
 - (vii) evaluate the reduction in value of any reconstituted plot and assess the amount payable therefor.
- (7) Immediately after the town development scheme is approved under sub-section (4) with or without modifications, the Town and Country Development Authority shall publish in the Official Gazette and in such other manner, as may be prescribed, a final town development scheme and specify the date on which it shall come into operation.
- 53. Power to revise the development schemes.—The Director may, at any time, but not later than two years from the date of publication of the final town development scheme under section 52, on his own motion or on an application filed within thirty days of such publication of the final scheme by any person aggrieved by the final scheme, call for and examine the record of any scheme for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the correctness of the order passed by the Town and Country Development Authority, or as to the regularity of any proceedings of such authority and when calling such record direct that the execution of the scheme be suspended. The Director may, after examining the record, pass such order as he thinks fit and his order shall be final;

Provided that no order shall be passed unless the person affected thereby and the Town and Country Development Authority have been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

- 54. Power of State Government to give directions.—(1) The State Government may, if it considers necessary in public interest so to do, give directions to the Town and Country Development Authority—
 - (a) to frame a town development scheme;
 - (b) to modify a town development scheme during execution;
 - (c) to revoke a town development scheme, for reasons to be specified in such direction:

Provided that no direction to modify or revoke a town development scheme shall be given unless the Town and Country Development Authority is given an opportunity to present its case.

- (2) The direction given by the State Government under this section shall be binding on the Town and Country Development Authority.
- 55. Restriction on land use and development.—As from the date of publication of declaration to prepare a town development scheme no person shall, within the area including in the scheme, institute or change the use of any land or building or carry out any development save in accordance with the development authorised by the Director in accordance with the provisions of this Act prior to the publication of such declaration.
- 56. Lapse of scheme.—If the Town and Country Development Authority fails to implement the town development scheme within a period of three years from the date of publication of the final scheme under section 52, it shall, on the expiration of the said period of three years, lapse.
- 57. Town development scheme a public purpose.—Land needed for the purpose of town development scheme shall be deemed to be a land needed for public purpose within the meaning of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (1 of 1894).
- 58. Acquisition of land for Town and Country Development Authority.—
 The Town and Country Development Authority may at any time after the date of publication of the final town development scheme under section 52 but not later than three years therefrom, proceed to acquire by agreement the land required for the implementation of scheme and, on its failure so to acquire, the State Government may, at the request of the Town and Country Development Authority, proceed to acquire such land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894(1 of 1894) and on the payment of amount awarded under that Act and any other charges incurred by the State Government in connection with the acquisition, the land shall vest in the Town and Country Development Authority subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.
- 59. Developments.—(1) The Town and Country Development Authority shall take necessary steps to develop the land vested in it under section 58 in accordance with the provisions on the town development scheme:

Provided that if the State Government or the Director has, after such enquiry as may be necessary, reason to believe that the Town and Country

Develoment Authority is not taking adequate steps to develop the land has deviated from the final scheme, it/he may give such directions to that authority as may be considered necessary in the circumstances.

- (2) The directions given under this section shall be binding on the Town and Country Development Authority and that authority shall give effect to them forthwith.
- 60. Disposal of land, building and other development works.—Subject to such rules as may be made by the State Goverment in this behalf, the Town and Country Development Authority shall, by regulation, determine the procedure for the disposal of development lands houses, buildings and other structures.
- 61. Development charges.—(1) Where, as a result of the implementation of town development schemes, there is in the opinion of the Town and Country Development Authority, an appreciation in the market value of lands adjecent to and affected by a scheme the Town and Country Development Authority may, in lieu of providing for the acquisition of such land, levy development charges on owners of such land.
- (2) The development charges shall be an amount equal to not less than one-forth and more than one-third of the difference between the value of the land on the date of publication of the intention to prepare the town development scheme and the date of completion of the scheme.
- 62. Mode of levy.—(1) On completion of the town development scheme, the Town and Country Development Authority, shall, by a notice in such form and published in such manner as may be prescribed, declare the fact of such completion and of its intention to levy development charges in the area covered by the scheme, calling upon owners of land liable to pay development charges to submit objection, if any, within such period which shall not be less than thirty days from the date of publication of the notice.
- (2) The authority specified in the notice shall, after giving the objectors an opportunity to be heard, forward the report to the Town and Country Development Authority.
- (3) On receipt of the report under sub-section (2), the Town and Country Development Authority shall pass such orders thereon as it may consider fit.
- (4) The Town and Country Development Authority shall, not later than three months after the publication of a notice declaring its intention to levy development charges, issue a notice in the prescribed form, associng the charge due from every person affected by the levy of charges.
- (5) Where the assessment is accepted, it shall be final. If, however, the assessment is not accepted, the person aggrieved may, within thirty days of the publication of notice, file an application in writingbefore the Revenue Officer not below the rank of Sub-Divisional Officer as may be authorised by the State Government in this behalf.
- (6) The Revenue Officer may, after giving the applicant and the Town and Country Development Authority an opportunity to be heard, pass such orders on the application as he may deem fit under the circumstances and orders so passed shall be final.

- (7) After the final determination of the assessment the Town and Country Development Authority shall casus a notice to be served on each assessee, asking him to pay the development charges within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of the notice by him.
- (8) Any payment made after the expiration of the period specified in the notice under sub-section (7) shall carry simple interest at 10 per cent per annum as from the date of the receipt of the notice by the assessee.
- (9) The Town and Country Development Authority may, on an application made to it in that behalf, permit assessee to make payment of development charges in annual instalments not exceeding five and fix a date by which each instalment shall be payable.
- (10) Where permission is granted to make payment in instalments the amount of development charges shall carry a simple interest at fifteen per cent per annum as from the date of the receipt of notice under sub-section (7) and the interest due shall be payable along with each instalment.
- 63. Fund of Town and Country Development Authority.—The Town and Country Development Authority shall have its own fund and all receipts of that authority shall be credited thereto and all payments by that authority shall be made therefrom.
- 64. Annual budget.—(1) The Chief Executive Officer or any other officer designated to act as the Chief Executive Officer shall cause to be preparted not later than the 10th of March every year a statement of annual income and expenditure, giving the estimates and actuals of the past year and the estimates of the next financial year.
- (2) The annual statement (hereinafter called the budget) to be prepared shall be placed by the Chief Executive Officer or any other officer designated to act as the Chief Executive Officer, with the prior approval of the Chairman, before the Town and Country Development Authority.
- (3) The Town and Country Development Authority shall consider the budget so submitted to it and sanction the same either unaltered, or subject to such alterations as it may think fit.
- (4) A copy of the budget as sanctioned under sub-section (3) shall be submitted to the State Government and the Director.
- (5) The State Government may direct the Town and Country Development Authority to make such modification in the budget as may be deemed necessary.
- (6) The Town and Country Development Authority shall within thirty days of the date of receipt of such directions either accept the modification or make further submission to the State Government.
- (7) The State Government, after considering the submissions of the Town and Country Development Authority, shall pass such orders thereon as may be deemed fit and from the date of such orders, the budget shall be deemed to be in force, with modifications ordered by the Government.

65. Power to borrow money.—Subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed, the Town and Country Development Authority may, with the prior sanction of the State Government, issue debentures or borrow money from Government or the open market for all or any of the purposes of this Act.

CHAPTER VIII

SPECIAL AREAS

- 66. Constitution of special areas.—(1) If any area, town or township is designated as a special area in the regional plan or if the State Government is otherwise satisfied that it is expedient in the public interest that any area, town or township should be developed as a special area, it may, by notification, designate the area as a special area, which shall be known by such name as may be specified therein.
 - (2) Such notification shall define the limits of special area.
 - (3) The State Government may, by notification,—
 - (a) alter the limits of the special area so as to inculde therein or exclude therefrom such area as may be specified in the notification;
 - (b) declare that the special area shall cease to be so.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968 (19 of 1968) and the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1968 (19 of 1970), the Municipal Corporation, Municipal Committee, Notified Area Committee or a Panchayat, as the case may be, shall, in relation to the special area and as from the date the Special Area Development Authority undertakes the functions under clause (v) or clause (vi) of section 70 cease to exercise the powers and perform the functions and duties which the Special Area Development Authority is competent to exercise and perform under this Act.
- 67. Special Area Development Authority.—(1) Every special area shall have a Special Area Development Authority which shall consist of—
 - (a) the Chairman; and
 - (b) such other members as Government may determine from time to time.

The Chairman and members shall be appointed by the State Government.

- (2) The Chairman shall be a whole time salaried officer and his salary and other terms and conditions of service shall be such as the State Government may, from time to time, determine.
- (3) The members shall not be entitled to any salary but shall receive such allowances as may be prescribed.
- 68. Incorporation of Special Area Development Authority.—Every Special Area Development Authority shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal and shall have power to acquire, hold and dispose of property, both movable and immovable and to contract and sue and be sued by the name specified in the notification under sub-section (1) of section 66,

69. Staff (1) Every Special Area Development Authority may appoint such officers and servants as may be necessary and proper for the efficient discharge of its duties:

Provided that no post shall be created save with the prior sanction of the State Government.

- (2) The State Government may make rules in respect of recruitment, qualification, appointment, scale of pay, leave allowance and ther conditions of service of the offcers and iservants impointed under subsection (1).
- 70. Functions.—The functions of the Special Area Development Authority shall be,—
 - (1) to prepare, if required to do so, the development plan for the special area;
 - (ii) to implement the development plan after its approval by the State Government;
 - (iii) for the purpose of implementaion of the plan, to acquire, hold, develop, manage and dispose of land and other property;
 - (iv) to carry out construction activity and to provide such utilities and amenities as water, electricity, drainage and the like:
 - (v) to provide the municipal services as specified in the Himachai Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968 (19 of 1968);
 - (vi) to provide for the municipal management of the special area in the same manner as is provided in the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968 (19 of 1968);
 - (vii) to otherwise performall such functions with regard to the special area as the State Government may, from time to time, direct:
 - Provided that functions specified in clasues (v) and (vi) shall not be performed unless so required by the State Government.
 - 71. Powers.—The Special Area Development Authority shall—
 - (a) for the purpose of acquisition of land, exercise the powers and follow the procedure which a Town and Country Development Authority have to follow under this Act;
 - (b) for the purpose of planning, exercise the powers which the Director has under this Act; and
 - (c) for this purpose the municipal administration, have the powers which a Municipal Committee has under the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968 (19 of 1968).
- 72. Fund of Special Area Development Authority.—(1) Every Special Area Development Authority shall have its own fund and all receipts of that authority shall be credited thereto and all payments of that authority shall be made therefrom.
- (2) The Special Area Development Authority shall levy the development charge in the manner as prescribed under sections 61 and 62 of this Act.

- (3) The Special Area Development Authority may for all or any of the purposes of this Act—
 - (a) accept grants from the State Government or a local authority;
 - (b) raise loans, subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.
- 73. Annual estimates.—(1) The Chairman shall lay, not later than 10th of March every year, before the Special Area Development Authority an estimate of the income and of the expenditure of that authority for the year commencing on the first day of April next ensuing in such detail and form as that authority may from time to time direct.
- (2) Such estimates shall make provision for the due fulfilment of all liabilities of the Special Area Development Authority and for the efficient implementation of this Act and shall be complete and a copy thereof shall be sent to each member of that authority at least ten clear days prior to the meeting before which the estimate is to be laid.
- (3) The Special Area Development Authority shall consider the estimate so submitted and shall sanction the same either unaltered or subject to such alterations as it may think fit.
- (4) The estimates so sanctioned shall be submitted to the State Government who may approve the same with or without modifications.
- (5) If the State Government approves the estimates with modifications, the Special Area Development Authority shall proceed to amend the same and the estimates so modified and amended shall be in force during the year.

CHAPTER IX

CONTROL

- 74. Power of State Government of supervision and control.—The State Government shall have power of superintendence and control over the acts and proceedings of the officers appointed under section 3 and the authorities constituted under this Act.
- 75. Power of State Government to give directions.—(1) In the discharge of their duties the officers appointed under section 3 and the authorities constituted under this Act shall be bound by such directions on matters of policy as may be given to them by the State Government.
- (2) If any dispute arises between the State Government and any authority as to whether a question is or is not a question of policy, the decision of, the State Government shall be final.
- 76. Power of Government to review plans etc. for ensuring confrormity.— Notwithstanding anything contained in any other enactment for the time being in force, the State Government may, with a view to ascertaining that no repugnancy exists or arises with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, review the town improvement schemes, building plans or any permission for construction sanctioned or given by any authority

under development plans, sanctioned under any enactment for the time being in force and may revoke, vary, or modify any scheme, plan, permission or sanction in conformity with the provisions of this Act:

Provided that no order under this section shall be made without giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to the persons affected thereby.

- 77. Delegation of powers.—(1) The State Government may, by notification, delegate to any officer or authority subordinate to it all or any powers conferred on it by or under this Act, other than the power to make rules.
- (2) Subject to such restrictions as may be imposed by the State Government by a general or special order, the Director, may, by an order in writing, delegate to any officer subordinate to him all or any powers exerciseable by him under this Act or the rules made thereunder, other than the power to hear appeal and revision.
- 78. Dissolution of authorities.—(1) Whenever in the opinion of the State Government the continued existence of any authority constituted under this Act is un-necessary or undesirable, the State Government may, by notification, declare that such authority shall be dissolved from such date as may be specified therein and the authority shall stand dissolved accordingly.
 - (2) As from the said date—
 - (a) all the properties, funds and dues which are vested in or realisable by the authority, shall vest in, or be realisable by, the State Government;
 - (b) all liabilities which are enforceable against the authority shall be enforceable against the State Government;
 - (c) for the purpose of realising properties, funds, and dues referred to in clause (a), the function of the authority shall be discharged by the State Government;
 - (d) all powers and functions to be exercised or discharged by the authority under this Act shall be exercised and discharged by the Director and for that purpose any reference in this Act to the said authority shall be construed as a reference to the Director.

CHAPTER X

MISCELLANEOUS

- 79. Right of entry.—(1) Without prejudice to any other provisions of this Act the Director or any authority established under this Act may enter into or upon, or cause to be entered into or upon, any land or building for the purpose of the preparation of plan or scheme under this Act for—
 - (a) making any measurement or survey or taking levels of such land or building;
 - (b) setting out or marking boundaries and intended lines of development;
 - (c) making such levels boundaries and lines by placing marks and cutting trenches;

- (d) examining works under construction and ascertaining the course of sewers and drains;
- (e) ascertaining whether any land is being or has been developed in contravention of any provision of this Act or the rules or the regulations made thereunder:

Provided that-

- (i) in the case of any building used as a dwelling house, or upon any enclosed part of garden attached to such a building, no such entry shall be made except between the hours of sunrise and sunset or without giving its occupier at least 24 hours' notice in writing of the intention to enter;
- (ii) sufficient opportunity shall in every instance be given to enable women (if any) to withdraw from such land or building;
- (iii) due regard shall always be had so far may be compatible with the exigencies of the purpose for which the entry is made, to the social and religious usages of the occupants of the land or building entered.
- (2) Any person who obstructs the entry of an officer empowered or duly authorised under this section to enter into or upon any land or building or molests such officer after such entry shall, on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with a fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.
- 80. Jurisdiction of Court.—No court inferior to that of Magistrate of the first class shall try an offence punishable under this Act.
- 81. Cognizance of offences.—No court shall take cognizance of any offence under this Act except on a complaint in writing made over the signature of an officer duly authorised by the Director or a Town and Country Development Authority or a Special Area Development Authority, as the case may be.
- 82. Member and officers to be public servants.—Every member and every officer of any authority established under this Act shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (45 of 1860).
- 83. Suit and other proceedings.—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or any rules made thereunder.
- 84. Vacancy not to invalidate proceedings.—No act of a Town and Country Development Authority or a Special Area Development Authority or any of its committee shall be invalid merely by reasons of—
 - (a) any vacancy in, or defect in the constitution thereof; or
 - (b) any defect in the appointment of a person acting as a Chairman or member thereof; or
 - (c) any irregularity in the procedure thereof not affecting the merits of the case.

- 85. Membes to continue till successor enters upon office.—A Chairman or a member of a Town and Country Development Authority or a Special Area Development Authority shall, notwithstanding the expiration of his term, continue to hold office till his successor enters upon office.
- 86. Interpretation of regional plan etc.—(1) If any question arises regarding the interpretation of any regional plan, the matter shall be referred to the Director who shall pass such order thereon as he may deem fit.
- (2) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Director may prefer an appeal to the State Government within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) The decision of the State Government and subject to the decision of the State Government, the decision of the Director shall be final.

CHAPTER XI

RULES AND REGULATIONS

- 87. Powers to make rules.—(1) The State Government may, after previous publication, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the fore-going power, such rules may provide for—
 - (i) other categories of officers which may be appointed under section 3 (1);
 - (ii) the form and manner of publication of notice inviting objections and suggestions under section 8 (1);
 - (iii) the manner of publication of the regional plan under section 9 (2);
 - (iv) the manner of publication of an existing land use map under section 15 (1) for inviting objections and suggestions;
 - (v) the regulation of the forms and contents of interim development plan under section 17;
 - (vi) the manner of publication of the draft development plan under section 19 (1);
 - (vii) the manner of publication of public notice under section 20 (4);
 - (viii) the documents and plans which shall accompany the information under section 28 (1);
 - (ix) (a) the form of application under section 30 (1), the particular which such application shall contain and the documents which shall accompany such application;
 - (b) the fee which shall be accompanied with the application under section 30 (2);
 - (x) the form in which permission shall be granted under section 31(3);
 - (xi) the manner of communication of order under section 31 (4);
 - (xii) the manner in which the appeal shall be made and the fees which shall accompany such appeal under section 32 (1);
 - (xiii) the time within which, the manner in which and the documents together with which a notice shall be served under section 35(1);

- (xiv) the manner in which amount in lieu of expenditure incurred after the grant of permission may be assessed under section 37 (1);
- (xv) the manner in which an application shall be made under section 39(3);
- (xvi) the manner of publication of declaration under section 52 (2);
- (xvii) the form in which and the manner in which the town development schemes in draft form shall be published under section 52 (3);
- (xviii) the manner in which the final town development scheme shall be published under section 52 (7);
- (xix) the terms and conditions subject to which the land shall vest in the Town and Country Development Authority under section 58;
- (xx) (a) the form in which and the manner in which a notice shall be published under section 61 (1);
 - (b) the form in which a notice shall be issued under section 62 (4);
- (xxi) the terms and conditions subject to which the Town and Country Development Authority may issue debenures or borrow money under section 65;
- (xxii) the terms and conditions subject to which loans may be raised under section 72 (2); and
- (xxiii) any other matter for which rules may be made.
- 88. Regulations.—(1) A Town and Country Development Authority or a Special Area Development Authority, as the case may be, may, subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, make regulations generally to carry out the purposes of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for—
 - (a) the summoning and holding of meetings, the time and place where such meetings shall be held; and the conduct of business thereat;
 - (b) procedure for disposal of developed lands, houses, buildings and other structures under section 60;
 - (c) the management of property and the maintenance and audit of accounts;
 - (d) the mode of appointment of committees, summoning and holding of meetings, and the conduct of business of each such committee;
 - (e) such other materials as may be necessary for the exercise of the powers and performance of duties and functions by the Town and Country Development Authority or the Special Area Development Authority, as the case may be, under this Act.
- 89. Power to lay the rules and regulations.—Every rule made under section 87 or the regulations made under section 88 shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh while it is in session for a total period of fourteen days which may be comprised in one session or in two successive sessions; and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, the Legislative Assembly agrees in making any modification in the rule

or regulation, as the case may be, or decides that the rule or regulation should not be made, the rule or regulation, as the case may be, shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation.

90. Repeal and savings.—The Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922 (4 of 1922), as in force in the areas added to Himachal Pradesh under section 5 of the Punjab Reorganisation Act, 1966 (31 of 1966), and the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Ordinance, 1977 (2 of 1977), are hereby repealed.

Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken or purporting to have been done or taken (including any rules, notifications or orders made or issued), in exercise of any power conferred by or under the said Act or the Ordinance shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to have been done or taken under this Act.

करने हेतु, उक्त स्रधिनियम की धारा 123 के अर्त्तगत प्रस्तावित संशोधन नियम, हिमाचल प्रदेश राजपत (स्रसाधारण), दिनांक 21-8-1980 में समसंख्यक, त्रधिसूचना, दिनांक 18-8-1980 द्वारा प्रकाशित किए गये थे ताकि प्रभावित व्यक्ति स्रपने सुझान या ग्रापत्ति एक मास के सन्दर भेज सकें।

उक्त समय में कंाई भी सुझाव या आपत्ति सरकार की प्राप्त नहीं हुई।

अतः अव राज्यपाल महोदय, हिमाचल प्रदेश, उपरोक्त अधिनियम की धारा 117 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रदोग करते हुए निम्न नियम बनाते हैं :---

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Himachai Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms (Amendment) Rules, 1981.
 - (2) They shall come into force at once.
- 2. Substitution of Rule 28.—For the existing Rule 28 of the Himachal Pradesh. Tenancy and Land Reforms Rules, 1975, the following Rule shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "28(1) The Patwari shall enter the mutation of ownership in the mutation Register in favour of the non-occupancy tenants on whom proprletary rights under Rule 27 vested and the Revenue Officer will attest the mutation in the presence of the parties.
- (2) Where a part of a field number is vested in tenants, tatima shajra of such part will be prepared on the body of the mutation sheets.".

(R.H.P., Extra., 19-12-1981, Page-1052-1053).

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1981

(Act No. 14 of 1981)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONS:

- I. Short title and commencement.
- 2. Amendment of section 16.
- 3. Amendment of section 32.
- 4. Repeal and savings.

(Received the assent of the President of India on the 21st June, 1981 and was published in R.H.P., Extra, dated the 2nd July, 1981, Page 503-504).

An Act to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

Be it enacted by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Thirty

For statement of Objects and Reasons see R.H.P., Extra., dated 21-3-1981, P.151.

(2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act, as if this Act was in force on the day on which such thing was done or such action was taken.

RULES UNDER

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (ENFORCEMENT) ACT, 1968

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH WEIGHTS AND MEASURES (ENFORCEMENT) RULES, 1969 AMENDMENT OF RULES

उद्योग विभाग

श्रधिसूचना

शिमजा-171002, 10 मार्च, 1981

संख्या 13-3/72- स0 आई0 (उब्ल्यू एण्ड एम).—हिमाचल प्रदेश वेट्स एण्ड मैयजं (एन्फोर्समेंन्ट) ऐक्ट, 1968 (1968 का ऐक्ट नं 0 23) की धारा 46 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राज्यधाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश, हिमाचल प्रदेश वेट्स एण्ड मैयजं (एन्फोर्समेंन्ट) रुल्ज, 1969 में निम्नलिखित संगोधन, जिसका प्रारूप सम संख्यक अधिसूचना दिनांक 5-9-1980 द्वारा हिमाचल प्रदेश राजभन दिनांक 13 दिसम्बर, 1980 में पहले ही प्रकाशित हो चुका है, करने के सहर्ष आदेश देते हैं:—

- 1. These rules may be called the Himachal Pradesh Weights and Measures (Enforcement) (Second Amendment) Rules, 1980.
- 2. In the Himachal Pradesh Weights and Measures (Enforcement) Rules, 1969, (hereinafter referred to as the said rules) for the existing Schedule XII the following Schedule XII shall be substituted, namely:—

"SCHEDULE XII (See Rule 20)

Fees payable for verification and stamping of weights, measures and weighing and measuring instruments:—

Weights

AA CIRTO	
1. (a) Bullion \ Denomin	Fee per piece Rs. P.
20 kg.	4.50
10 kg.	4.50
5 kg.	3.00
2 kg.	3.00
1 kg.	3.00
500 g.	1.15
200 g.	1.15
100 g.	1.15
50 g.	1.15
20 g.	1.15

और भू-सुपार (संतोषन) नियम, 1983, डिमानत प्रदेश राजपत्र (असाघा ए), दिनांक 15 अस्त्वर, 1983 में सम-संस्थांक अधिसूचना दिनांक 17 सितम्बर, 1983 दारा उनसे सम्मान्य प्रभावित न्यक्तियों से, प्रकारन की तासिक से एक मास के भीतर आपत्तियां और सुझाव मंगवाने के लिए प्रकारित किए गये थे, बैसा कि दिमानत प्रदेश अभिपृति और भू-सुधार अधिनियम, 1972 की घररा 123 के क्षीन अधित है;

और जनकि, उपर्युक्त अवर्षि के भीतर कोई आपत्तिया या मुद्राव प्राप्त नहीं हुए।

अतः अव, डिमावत प्रदेश अभिषृति और मू-सुधार अधिनियम, 1972 की धारा 117 दारा प्रदक्त शिक्तयों का प्रयो करते हुए, डिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल निम्नतिथित नियम बनाते हैं:---

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TENANCY AND LAND REFORMS (AMELIDMENT) RULES, 1983

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(!) These rules may be called the Himachal Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms (Amendment) Rules, 1983.
 - (2) They shall come into force at once.
- 2. Amendment of Rule 32.—For the figure "4" occurring in subrule (1) of rule 32 of the Himachai Pradesh Tenancy and Land Reforms Rules, 1975, the figure "5" shall be substituted.

(R.H.P. Extra., dated 21-1-1984, P.85)

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1983

(Act No. 1 of 1984)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections:

- I. Short title and commencement.
- 2. Amendment of section 42.
- 3. Insertion of section 42-A.
- 4. Amendment of section 48.
- 5. Amendment of section 65.
- 6. Repeat and savings.

Received the assent of the Governor, Himachal Prodesh on the 23rd January, 1984 and was published in R.H.P. (Extra.), dated the 28th January, 1984 at page 119-120.

For statement of Objects and Feasons are R.W.P. Extra., dated 2dth December, 1993.
 Page 1273.

An Act further to amend the Himachal Prodesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977)

 $g_{\bar{g}}$ it enacted by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows :--

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 1983.
- (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the twentieth day of October, 1983.
- 2. Amendment of section 42.—For the opening word "Every" occurring in section 42 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977—(12 of 1977) (hereinafter called the principal Act) the words, figures, alphabet and sign "Save as provided in section 42-A, every" shall be substituted.
- 3. Insertion of section 42-A.—After section 42 of the principal Act the following new section 42-A, along with its heading, shall be inserted, namely :--
 - "42-A. Constitution of Town and Country Development Authority for the capital town of Himachal Pradesh.— (1). Notwithsteading anything to the contrary contained in section 42, the Town and Country Development Authority for the capital town of Himachal Pradesh shall consist of the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and eight other members to be appointed by the State Government.
 - (2) The Chief Minister and the Minister-in-charge of Town and Country Planning, shall be the ex officio Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Town and Country Development Authority constituted under sub-section (1) and for the discharge of their duties as such they shall not be entitled to any emoluments and in relation to them the provisions contained in section 43, sub-section (3) of section 44, section 45 and section 46 will not operate:

Provided that during the period of any proclamation issued under Article 356 of the Constitution of India, the Governor may, by notification, appoint any person to act as the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Development Authority constituted under this section and the persons so appointed shall exercise the powers vested in them and perform the functions assigned to them under the Act during the period the said proclamation issued under Article 356 continues to be in force and the provisions contained in sections 43, 44 (3), 45 and 46 shall apply to them.

(3) In the absence of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman shall preside over the meetings of the Town and Country Development Authority constituted under this section and shall, in relation thereto, exercise such powers and perform such functions as the Chairman may assign to him."

- 4. Amendment of section 48.—For the word "Secretary" occurring in sub-section (1) of section 48 of the principal Act, the word "Member-Secretary" shall be substituted.
- 5. Amendment of section 65.—After the word "Government" occurring for the second time in section 65 of the principal Act, the words "or other financial institutions" shall be inserted.
- 6. Repeal and savings,--(1) The Himschal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Ordinance, 1983 (5 of 1983) is hereby repealed.
- (2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have been done, or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act, as if this Act had come into force on the day on which such thing was done or action was taken.

NOTIFICATION

Under

HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1977

Enforcement of the Act

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

शिमला-2, 30 जनवरी, (984 ।

सै॰ तो॰ नि॰ (सं)! (5) 4/79:-- हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर स्यं ग्रामीण योजना अधिनियम, 1977 (1977 का अधिनियम संख्या 12) की धारा ! की उप-धारा (3) के अन्तर्गत उनमें निहित शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुर, हिमाचल प्रदेश के राज्यपाल 30-1-1984 को सहर्प रेसा दिन नियुक्त करते हैं जिस दिन से हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर रंवं ग्रामीण योजना अधिनियम, 1977 (1977 का अधिनियम संख्या 12) पिऔं प्लानिंग सीरया में समाविष्ट क्षेत्र में लागू होगा जिसका विवरण निम्नलिसित विनिर्देशन में दिया गया है:--

(पीओ प्लानिंध शीरवा)

उत्तर : पौगी नाला

दक्षिण : असीतमा रंग नाता

पूर्व : सतल्ज नदी

पाँचम : समस्त पर्वतीय किनारे की जल ग्रहण क्षेत्र रेखा अर्थात् सर्वोच्च शिखर

रेका।

[Authoritative English text of this Department notification No. PW (B) 1 (5)-4/79, dated 30th January, 1984 as published under clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India].

Pradesh Government Rajpatra (Extra-ordinary), dated 9-1-1988 issued under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 3 of the Himachal Pradesh Tax on Luxuries (In Hotels and Lodging Houses) Act, 1979 (Act No 15 of 1979), after the words "Deputy Excise and Taxation Commissioners and Excise and Taxation Officers", for the brackets and word, "(Enforcement)" the bracket and words "(Flying Squad)" be read.

R. H. P. Extra, Dated 4-3-1989, P. 346).

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1989

(Act No. 14 of 1989)1

ARRANGMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections :

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Amendment of section 67.

[Authoritative English text of the Himachal Pradesh Nagar Aur Gram Yojna (Sanshodhan) Adhiniyam, 1989 (1989 ka Adhiniyam Sankhyank 14) as required under Clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution of India].

(Received the assent of the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, on the 7th June, 1989 and was published in Hindi in R.H.P. Extra, dated 6th June, 1989 at page 1375 and in English in R.H.P. Extra., dated 6th June, 1989 at page 1375)

An Act further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act. No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Fortieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Ameridment) Act, 1989.
- 2. Amendment of section 67.—For sub-section (2) of section 67 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act. 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977), the following sub-section (2) shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(2) The Chairman shall receive such salary and allowances and shall be subject to such terms and conditions as may be determined by the State Government."

Passed in Flindi by the ... p. Vilhau Sabha. For Star agent of Objects and Reasons see R.H.P. Extra, dated 20-4-1989, Pages 906 and 908.

following rules further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Tax on Luxuries (in Hotels and Lodging Houses) Rules. 1979 (hereinafter called the 'said rules') published in Rajpatra, Himachal Pradesh (Extra-ordinary), dated the 18th March, 1980 vide Government notification No. EXN-F (10)5/79, dated the 2nd February, 1980, namely :---

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) These rules may be called the Himachal Pradesh Tax on Luxuries (in Hotels and Lodging Houses) (Amendment) Rules, 1992.
 - (2) These shall come into force with effect from 1st day of July, 1992.
 - 2. Amendment of Rule 8-A .- In rule 8-A of the said rules :--
 - (1) in sub-rule (1),-
 - (a) for the words "entire period of a financial year" the words "fifty per cent of the number of days in a financial year" shall be substituted;
 - (b) the first and the second provisos shall be omitted and thereafter in the third proviso the word "further" shall be omitted; and
 - (c) clause (c) of Explanation shall be omitted.
 - (2) in sub-clause (1) of clause (c) of sub-rule (2), for the figures, letter, word and the sign "25th July, 1992", the figures, letter, word and the sign "25th November, 1992" shall be substituted; and
 - (3) in sub-rule (3) for the sign '.' the sign '.' shall be substituted and thereafter the following proviso shall be added, namely :—
 - "Provided that the proprietor may, if he so choses, make the payment of one or more of the instalments in advance at any time prior to the date specified earlier in this sub-rule.".

(R.H P. Extra., dated 4-11-1992 p. 3326-3320)

AUTHORITATIVE ENGLISH TEXT

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1992

(Act No. 10 of 1992)1

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections:

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Addition of section 15-A.

(Received the assent of the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, on the 2nd May, 1992 and was published in Hindi and English in R.H.P. Extra., dated 5-5-1992, p. 1921 and 1922).

1. Passed in Hindi by the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha. For Statement of Objects and Reasons see. R. H. P. Extra., d ated 29-2-1992, Pages 1484 and 1486.

An Act further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:--

- 1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 1992.
- 2. Addition of section 15-A.—After section 15 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (12 of 1977), the following section 15-A, shall be added, namely:—
 - "15-A. Freezing of land use pending preparation of existing land use map under section-15,—(1) Wherever the State Government, after the constitution of the planning area under section 13 but before the publication of the existing land use map under section 15, is satisfied that in any planning area or part thereof, the change of the land use or any building operation therein—
 - (a) is likely to cause injurious disturbance of the surface or any land or soil, or is considered detrimental to the preservation of the soil, prevention of land slips or protection against etosion; or
 - is likely to make it difficult to plan and develop the area in question in accordance with the provisions of the Act;

the State Government may, by notification published in the Official Gazette, freeze the existing land use, for a period not exceeding three years.

- (2) On the issuance of a notification under sub-section (1)-
 - (a) no person shall change the use of any land or carry out any development of land, other than the change for the purpose of agriculture, without the written permission of the Director; and
 - (b) no local authority or officer or other authority shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, grant permission for the change in use of land without the written permission of the Director.
- (3) Any permission that the Director may grant under sub-section (2) shall be subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be imposed in this behalf by the State Government".

NOTIFICATIONS

UNDER

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1977

ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

[Published in Hindi in R.H.P., dated 11-1-1992, P. 71]

HOUSING DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-2, the 17th October, 1991,

No. PBW (B&R) (B) 24 (1)/91.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country

- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (6) of section 4, no proprietor of a new hotel, in respect of which a notification under sub-section (1) has been issued, shall, during the period when such exemption remains in force, collect any sum by way of luxury tax to the extent of exemption provided in the notification.
- (4) Every notification issued under sub-section (1) shall, as soon as may be after it is issued, be laid before the State Legislature.".
 - 4. Amendment of section 8.—In section 8 of the principal Act,—
 - (i) after the figure and sign "8", and before the word "Any", the brackets and figure "(1)", shall be inserted;
 - (ii) in sub-section (1)—
 - (a) in the first proviso after the words "tax assessed" but before the words "and the penalty", the breackets and words "fincluding interest payable,", shall be inserted; and
 - (b) in the second proviso, after the words "without the tax" but before the words "or penalty", the brackets and words "(including interest payable)" shall be inserted.
- 5. Amendment of section 10.—In section 10 of the principal Act, the words and figure "or an application for revision made under section 9" s hall be omitted.
- 6. Substitution of section 11.—For section 11 of the principal. Act, alongwith its heading, the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "11. Tax, penalty and interest recoverable as arrears of land revenue.—
 The amount of luxury tax and penalty imposed or interest payable under this Act, which remains unpaid after the due date shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue.".

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1994

(ACT NO. 16 OF 1994)1

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections:

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Amendment of section 15-A.
- 3. Amendment of section 34.
- 4. Amendment of section 35:
- 5. Addition of sections 39-A and 39-B.
- 1. Passed in Hindi by the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha. For Statement of Objects and Reasons see R.H.P. Extra: dated 21-9-1994, p. 3114 and 3118).

(Received the assent of the Governor, Himachal Pradesh on the 12th November, 1994 and was published in Hindi and English in R.H.P. Extra, dated, 15th November, 1994, at pages 4001-4003 and 4004-4006)

An Act further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Forty-fifth Year of the Republic of India, as follows:—

- 1. Short title,—This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 1994.
- 2. Amendment of section 15-A.—In section 15-A of the Himachal Pradesh/Townand/Country Planning/Act, 1977 (12 of d977) (hereinafter called the principal/Act), himsub-section (1) after the words "planning area under section 13", the words "or the special planning area under section 66", and after the words "planning area or part thereof", the words "or the special planning area for partithereof, as the case may be, "shall be inserted.
- 3. Amendment of section 34:—In section 34 of the principal Act, for the words "one year" and "three years", the words "three years" and "five years" shall respectively be substituted.
- 4. Amendment of section 39.—In section 39 of The principal Act, with a section (1), for the words "five years", the words "ten years" shall be substituted with the first tent of the section of the sect
- 5. Addition of sections 39-A and 39-B.—After section 39 of, the principal Act, the following sections 39-A and 39-B shall be added, namely:
- in any area being commenced in contravention of the development plan or sections 15-A (2), 16 or 31 or in contravention of any condition subject to which such permission, approval or sanction subject to which such permission, approval or sanction has been granted—
 - (i) in relation to a planning area or a special planning area, the State Government or lan Officer of the State Government empowered by it in this behalf.
 - (ii) in relation to any other area within the local limits of a local authority, the competent authority thereof, may in addition to any prosecution that may be instituted and the discontinued on and from the date of the service of the order, and such order shall be complied with accordingly.

⁽²⁾ Mhore such developments is not discontinued in pursuance of the order under sub-section (1) the State Government or the officer of the

- · State Government or the competent authority, as the case may be, i may require any police officer to remove the person by whom the development has been commenced and all his assistants and workmen from the place of development or to seize any construction meterial, tools, mechinery, scaffolding or other things used in such development within such time, as may be specified in the requisition and such police officer shall comply with the requisition accordingly.
 - (3) Any of the things caused to be seized by the State Government or the officer of the State Government or the competent authority, as the case may be, under sub-section (2) shall, unless the owner thereof turns up to take back such things and pays to the State Government or the officer of the State Government or the competent authority; as the case may be the charges for the removalion storage of such things, bedisposed of by it or him by public auction or in such other manner and within such time as the State Government or the officer of the State Government; or the competent authority thinks fit. This work gard 21
 - (4) The charges for the removal and storage of the things sold, under sub-section (3) shall be paid out of the proceeds of the sale thereof and the balance, if any, shall be paid to the owner of the things sold on a claim being made therefor within a period of one year from the date of sale, and if such claim, is made, within the said period, shall be credited to the fund of the State Government or the competent authority, as the case may be.
- Settle of a program for (5) If any development in an area other than a planning area or special area, has been commenced in contravention of the development plan or sectoral plan or without the permission, approved or sanction referred to in sections 15-A (2), 16 or 31 or in contravention of any conditions subject to which such permission, approval or sanction has been granted and the competent authority has failed to make an order under sub-section (1) or, as the case may be, a requisition, under sub-section (2), within the time that may be specified in this behalf by the State Government, the State Government may, after observing such procedure as may be prescribed by rules made in this behalf, direct any officer to make the order or requisition, as the case may be, and that officer shall be bound to oarry out such direction and the order or requisition made by him in pursuance of the direction shall be complied with accordingly: м. 2307-2308) р. 23<mark>07-</mark>2308)
- (6) After the requisition under sub-section (2) or sub-section (5) has been complied with, the competent authority or the officer to whom the diretion was issued by the State Government under sub-section (5), as the cese may be, may depute by a written order a police officer or an officer or an employee of the State Government or local suthority concerned to ensure that the development is not continued.

No. 37 (1 P. 7)

Or as the case may be under sub-section (1), shall be publishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupes for every day during which the non-compliance continues after the service of the order.

-(Í 15₆,

- (8) No compensation shall be claimable by any person for any damage which he may sustain in consequence of the removal of any development under section 39 or the discontinuance of the development under this section.
- (9) The provisions of this section shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, any other provision relating to stoppage of building operations contained in any other law for time being in force.
- 39-B. Power to seal unauthorised development.—(1) It shall be lawfol for the State Government or the competent authority, as the case may be, at any time, before or after making an order for the removal or discontinuance of any development under section 39 or section 39-A to make an order directing the sealing of such development in the manner prescribed by rules, for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this Act, or for preventing any dispute as to the nature and extent of such development.
- (2) Where any development has been scaled, the State Government or the competent authority, as the case may be, may, for the removing or discontinuing such development, order the scal to be removed.
 - (3) No person shall remove such seal except-
 - (a) under an order made by the State Government or the competent authority under sub-section (2); or
 - (b) under an order of the appellate authority or the State Government made in an appeal under this Act".

NOTIFICATIONS

UNDER

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1977

ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

(Issued and published in Hindi in R. H. P. Extra., dated 30-8-1994, p. 2307-2308).

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATIONS

Shimla-2, tha 3rd August, 1994

No. T. C. P. F (6)-20/94.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 1 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977), the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, is pleased to appoint the 4th June, 1994 as the day on which the provisions of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act to, 12 of

(iv) in sub-section (4),—

- (a) for the brackets and figure "(3)", the figure; brackets and letter (3D)", shall be substituted ; and
- (b) for the explanation, the following shall be substituted, namely:-
- "Explanation.—For the purpose of this section, the expression "land" shall-inolude-
 - (6) land recorded as "Gair mumkin", "Gair munkin Makan" or any other Gair-multikin lands by whatever name called in the revenue records :- ando
 - (ii) land which is a shoot a building it a town of a village and is occupied or libror not not for agricultural purposes subservient to agriculture.
- 3. Insertion of section 121-A.—After section 121 of the principal Act, the following new section 121-A shall be added, namely:
 - "121 A. Bur of Jurisdiction.—Save as otherwise, expressly provided in this Chapter, the validity of any proceedings or orders talked or made under this Chapter shall not be called in question in any civil court or before any other authority.".

AUTHORITATINE ENGLISH TEXT

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT; 1995

(ACT No. 7 of 1995)

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTIONSC:

- 19- SIGHUHIO
- 19- Short under.
 21- Albehdment of sections 2, 48, 50, 52 and 64.
 131- Substitution of section 42.
 4. Amendment of section 42.
 57- Amendment of section 42.
 6. Substitution of section 42.
 72- Amendment of section 45.
 83- Amendment of section 87.

(Received the assent of the Governor on 25th May, 1995 and was published in Hindi and English in R. H. P. Extrat, dated 27th May, 1993 at pages 2237-2238 and 2239-2240).

An Act further to amend the Himachate Prodesh Form will Country Plann-ing Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Himschal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Forty sixth Year of the Republic of Indians follows:—

^{1.} Passed in Hindi by the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan, Sabha, For Statement of Objects and Reasons see R. H. P. Extra dated 29-1-1955, p. 1373 & 1376.

- 1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 1995.
- 2. Amendment of sections 2, 48, 50, 52 and 64.—In clause (n) of section 2, section 48, section 50, section 52 and section 64 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (12 of 1977) (hereinafter called the principal Act), for the words "the Chief Executive Officer", the words "the Chief Administrator" shall be substituted.
- 3. Substitution of section 42.—For section 42 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "42. Constitution of Town and Country Development Authority.—
 (1) Save as provided in section 42-A, every Town and Country Development Authority shall consist of the Chairman and other members not exceeding twelve to be appointed by the State Government:
 - Provided that, whenever it is expedient to ensure the efficient performance of the functions assigned to the Town and Country Development Authority, the State Government may appoint one or more persons as its Vice-Chairman and where more than one person is appointed as Vice-Chairman one of them shall be designated as Senior Vice-Chairman:
 - Provided further that the State Government may, if it considers it necessary so to do, constitute a single member Town and Country Development Authority.
 - (2) The Chairman, and in the absence of the Chairman the Senior Vice-Chairman, and in the absence of both the Chairman and Senior Vice-Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, shall preside over the meetings of the Town and Country Development Authority constituted under sub-section (1), The Senior Vice-Chairman and Vice-Chairman shall, in relation thereto, exercise such powers and perform such functions as the Chairman may assign to them."
 - 4. Amendment of section 43.—In section 43 of the principal Act-
 - (a) in sub-sections (1) and (2), after the word "Chairman", the sign "," and the word "Vice-Chairmen" shall be inserted;
 - (b) in sub-section (3), after the word "Chairman", the sign "," and the word, "Vice-Chairmen" shall be inserted.
 - 5. Amendment of section 44.—In section 44 of the principal Act—
 - (a) in sub-section (1), for the words and figure "a member under clause (b) of section 42", the words and figure "a Vice-Chairman or a member under section 42", and for the word "member" occurring for the second time the words "Vice-Chairman or the member, as the case may be", shall be substituted;

- (b) simuseb-section (2), for the words "any member", the words "any: Wice: Chairman to sany member" yand utfor the words "a member", the words "a Vice-Chairman or a member, as the case may be," shall be substituted; and
- (c) in sub-section (3), rafter the words "the Chairman", the sign comma and the word, "Vice Chairman" shall be added.
- 6. Substitution of section 45.—For section 45 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "45. Salary and sallowances (1) The Ghairman shall a receive such salary and allowances and shall be subject to such sterms and conditions of service as may, be prescribed.
 - (2) The Senior Vice-Chairman, Vice-Chairman and members umayobe paid such allowances; may be prescribed."
- 7. Amendment of section 46.—For sub-section (2) of section 46 of the principal Act, the following sub-section shall be sub-section. In a content of the principal Act, the following sub-section shall be sub-section.
 - (2) Whenever the office of the Chairman and vacant, on account of leave; under sub-section (1), "the Sonior Vice-Chairman or whenever the offices of the Chairman and the Senior Vice-Chairman fall vacant, on account of leave, the Vice-Chairman shall act as the Chairman."
- 8. Amendment of section 87.—After clause (xv) of section 87 of the principal Act, the following clause (xv-a) shall be added, namely:—
 - "(xv-a) the rates at which, and conditions subject to which, the salary and allowances to be paid to the Chairman, Vice-Chairman and members under section 45; ""

NOTIFICATIONS AND RULES

and administration of the control of

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING

: HENEORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

नगर एवं ग्राम योजना विभाग

प्रधिसुचन्।

शिमलान2, .10 जनवरी, 1995

सख्या टी उसी उपी अएफ ए (-6) 37/94- व्यक्तिमान कार्येश की त्याज्याल, हिमाचन प्रदेश नगर एवं ग्राम योजना प्रधिनियम, 1977 (1977 का 12) अभी। धारा 1 के उप-

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1997

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections:

- 1. Short title.
- Insertion of section 30-A.
- 3. Amendment of section 31.
- 4. Amendment of section 77.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING

(AMENDMENT) ACT, 1997

(Act No. 11 of 1997)1

(Received the assent of the Governor on 2nd May, 1997 and was published in Hindi and English in R.H.P. Extra., dated 3-5-1997, pages 1585-1586 and 1587-1588).

An Act further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Himachal Pradesh Legislative Assembly in the Forty-eighth Year of the Republic of India, as follows:-

- 1. Short title.- This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 1997.
- 2. Insertion of section 30-A.- After section 30 of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1997 (hereinafter called the principal Act), the following section 30-A shall be inserted, namely:-
 - "30-A. Construction of farm-houses.- Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 30, a person who owns on the commencement of this Act and thereafter continues to own land, or his successor, and intends to construct a farm-house for agricultural purposes shall make a simple application to the Director for seeking his permission:

Provided that the farm-house-

- (i) is comprised of covered area not exceeding 200 sq. mtrs; and
- (ii) is not having more than two storeys.

^{1.} Passed in Hindi by the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha. For Statement of Objects and reasons see R.H.P.Extra., dated 9.4.1997, pages 1219 and 1222.

Explanation:-For the purpose of this section the expression "farm-house" shall include a cattle shed."

- 3. Amendment of section 31.- In section 31 of the principal Act -
- (i) in sub-section (1), after figure "30", the word, figure and alphabet "or 30-A" shall be inserted; and
- (ii) in sub-section (5); for the words "six months" wherever occur, the words "two months" shall be substituted.
- 4. Amendment of section 77.- For sub-section (1) of section 77 of the principal Act, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-
 - "(1) The State Government may, by order notified in the Official Gazette, direct that any power either exercisable by it or by the Director, under this Act (not being the power to make rules) may also be exercised, in such cases and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in such order, by its such officer, or authority or the officer of the authority as may be specified therein."

NOTIFICATIONS AND RULES

Under

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1977.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

[Issued and published in Hindi in R.H.P. Extra dated 6-2-1997, p. 401-404].

TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATIONS

Shimla-2, the 24th January, 1997

No. TCP-F(6)-60/94.-In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 1 of the Himachal Pradesh Town & Country Planning Act, 1977 (A: No. 12 of 1977), the Governor of Himachal Pradesh is pleased to appoint the 24th day of January month of 1997 year, as the day on which the provisions of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977) shall come into force in the following Mohal, Hadbast Nos. and Patwar Circles of Solan Area and define its limits as under:-

S1. No. 1.	Name of Mohal 2.		Patwar Circle 4.
1.	Ber-ki-Ser	Not available	Salogra

- "16-A. Finality of certain proceedings.- (1) Save as provided in section 8, no assessment made and no order passed under this Act, or the rules made thereunder, by the Commissioner or any person appointed under section 3 to assist him shall be called into question in any Civil Court.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of section 9 every assessment made and every order passed including an order under section 8 shall be final.".

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2000

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

Sections:

- 1. Short title.
- Insertion of section 39-C.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2000

(Act No. 17 of 2000)1

(Received the assent of the Governor on 3rd June, 2000 and was published in Hindi and English in R.H.P. Extra, dated 13.6.2000, p. 1691-1692).

An Act further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Fifty-first Year of the Republic of India, as follows:-

- 1. Short title. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 2000.
- 2. Insertion of section 39-C.- After section 39-B of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (12 of 1977), the following shall be inserted, namely:-
- "39-C. Power to compound offences.- (1) The Director may, on an application made to him, accept from any person who has committed an offence purushable under this Act, by way of composition of such offence, a sum of money as may be fixed by the State Government by rules.
- (2) On payment of such sum of money to the Director, no further proceedings shall be taken against such person in respect of such offence.".

Passed in Hindi by the Himachal Pradesh Vidhan Sabha. For Statement of Objects and Reasons see R.H.P. Extra., dated 17.4.2000, P. 904 & 906.

Act No. 41 of 2013

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2013

(As Assented to by the Governor on 18th September, 2013)

AN

ACT

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No.12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Sixty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title.—This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning (Amendment) Act, 2013.

- 2. Amendment of long title.—In long title of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act"), after the words "required for the purpose of the development plans", the words and sign "and to regulate the construction, sale, transfer and management of apartments, to regulate colonies and provide for registration of promoters and estate agents and for enforcement of obligations on them", shall be inserted.
- **3. Amendment of section 1.**—In section 1 of the principal Act, after sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(3a) It shall apply to any area proposed for development of apartments or colonies outside the notified planning areas or special areas constituted under this Act and such areas shall be deemed to be planning areas."
 - **4.** Amendment of section 2.—In section 2 of the principal Act,—
 - (a) for existing clause (c), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(c) "building" includes any structure or erection, or part of a structure or erection, which is intended to be used for residential, industrial, commercial or other purposes, whether in actual use or not. However, for the purpose of apartment, building shall mean a building constructed on any land, containing more than eight apartments, or two or more buildings with a total of more than eight apartments or any existing building converted into more than eight apartments;"; and
 - (b) after clause(w), the following new clauses shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(x) "advertisement" means visible representation made to the general public either through announcement or display or in any other manner whatsoever, offering for sale or lease of a plot or apartment or inviting persons to purchase such plot or apartment to make advances or deposits for such purposes;
 - (y) "allottee" in relation to apartment or plot, means the person to whom such apartment or plot has been allotted, sold or otherwise transferred by the promoter;
 - (z) "apartment" whether called block, chamber, dwelling unit, flat, lot, premises, suite, tenement, unit or by any other name means a separate and self-contained part of any property including one or more rooms or enclosed spaces located on one or more floors or any part or parts thereof, in a building, or in a plot of land, used or intended to be used for residence, office, shop, showroom, or godown or for carrying on any business, industry, occupation, profession or trade, or for any other type of independent use ancillary to the purpose specified above and with a direct exit to a public street, road or highway or to a common area leading to such street, road or highway and includes any garage or room whether or not adjacent to the building in which such apartment is located, provided by the promoter for the use by the allottee for parking any vehicle or as the case may be, for the residence of any domestic servant employed in such apartment;

Explanation-I.—If a basement, cellar, garage, room, shop or storage space is sold separately from any apartment, it shall be treated as an independent apartment and not as part of any other apartment or of the common areas and facilities;

Explanation-II.—Notwithstanding that provision is made for sanitary, washing, bathing or other conveniences as common to two or more apartments, the apartments shall be deemed to be separate and self contained;

- (za) "apartment number" means the number, letter or combination thereof, designating an apartment;
- (zb) "apartment owner" means the person owning an apartment and an undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appurtenant to such apartment in the percentage specified in the conveyance deed of apartment;
- (zc) "association" means an association consisting of the majority of the apartment owners in a building acting as a group in accordance with the bye-laws made by the association under the Himachal Pradesh Apartment Ownership Act, 1978;
 - *Explanation.*—A member of a Co-operative Housing Society of the tenant co-partnership type, or an allottee under a hire-purchase agreement shall be deemed to be an owner, entitled to membership of the association.
- (zd) "building regulations" means the rules or regulations or bye-laws made under any law for the time being in force for the erection or re-erection of buildings or parts thereof and for the purpose of this Act includes Zoning Regulations framed under any law for the time being in force;
- (ze) "colony" means an area of land not less than 2500 square metres divided or proposed to be divided into plots for residential, commercial or industrial purpose, but does not include any area of abadi-deh of a village falling inside its Lal Lakir or phirny or any area of land—
 - (i) divided or proposed to be divided as a result of family partition, inheritance, succession or partition of just holdings not with the motive of earning profit:

Provided that such a partition is certified by Assistant Collector First Grade or Second Grade, as the case may be; and

(ii) earmarked by the owner of a factory for setting up a housing colony for the labourers or the employees working in the factory:

Provided that there is no profit motive;

- (zf) "common areas and facilities" in relation to a building, means all parts of the building or the land on which it is located and all easements, rights and appurtenances belonging to the land or the building, which are neither in the exclusive possession of an apartment owner in terms of his conveyance deed of apartment, nor are handed over or intended to be handed over to the local authority or other public service agency and shall include the limited common areas and facilities;
- (zg) "common expenses" means,—
 - (i) all sums lawfully assessed against the apartment owners by the association for meeting the expenses of administration, maintenance, repair or replacement of the common areas and facilities;
 - (ii) expenses, declared by the provisions of this Act or by the bye-laws made by the association under the Himachal Pradesh Apartment Ownership Act, 1978 (41 of 1978) or agreed upon by the association, as common expenses; and

- (iii) the Government or municipal taxes including ground rent and property tax, which is not assessed separately for each apartment;
- (zh) "development charges" means the cost of external and internal development works;
- (zi) "development works" means external and internal development works;
- (zj) "estate agent" means a person who negotiates or acts on behalf of a person in a transaction of transfer of property whether by way of sale, lease, license, mortgage or otherwise with another person and receives remuneration for his services in the form of commission and includes a person who introduces to each other for negotiation such persons or their agents;
 - *Explanation.*—The person who acts as described in this clause shall be deemed to be an estate agent even if he styles himself as a land or housing agent, property or real estate consultant, property dealer, realtor or by any other name;
- (zk) "external development works" includes roads and road systems, water supply, sewerage and drainage systems, electric supply or any other work which may have to be executed in the periphery of, or outside, a colony for its benefit;
- (zl) "internal development works" means roads, footpaths, water supply, sewers, drains, rain water harvesting system, tree planting, street lighting, provisions for community buildings and for treatment and disposal of sewerage and sullage water, or any other work within in a colony necessary for its proper development;
- (zm) "joint family" means a Hindu undivided family and in the case of other persons, a group the members of which are by custom joint in possession of property or residence;
- (zn) "limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities which are designated in writing by the promoter before the allotment, sale or transfer of any apartment, as reserved for use by the resident of certain apartments to the exclusion of other apartments;
- (zo) "local authority" means a Municipal Corporation constituted under section 3 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Corporation Act, 1994 or a Municipal Council or a Nagar Panchayat constituted under section 3 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1994 or Panchayati Raj Institutions constituted under the Himachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1994 or Cantonment Board or any other authority notified by the State Government for the purposes of this Act;
- (zp) "natural disaster" means a catastrophe, mishap, calamity or grave occurrence in any area, arising from natural or man made causes or by accident or negligence which results in substantial loss of life or human suffering or damage to, and destruction of property or damage to, or degradation of environment and is of such a nature or magnitude as to be beyond the coping capacity of the community of the affected area;
- (zq) "natural hazards" means probability of occurrence, within a specified period of time in a given area, of a potentially damaging natural phenomenon;

- (zr) "natural hazard prone areas" means areas likely to have,—
 - (i) moderate to very high damage risk zone of earthquakes or
 - (ii) significant flow or inundation or
 - (iii) landslide potential or proneness or
 - (iv) one or more of these hazards;
- (zs) "person" includes company, firm, co-operative society, joint family and incorporated body of persons;
- (zt) "prescribed" means prescribed by the rules made under this Act;
- (zu) "promoter" means a person who,—
 - (i) constructs or causes to be constructed a building consisting of apartments or converts an existing building or a part thereof into apartments for the purpose of selling all or some of the apartments to other persons and includes his assigns; or
 - (ii) develops land into a colony, whether or not, he also constructs structures on any of the plots for the purpose or selling to other persons, all or some of the plots whether open or with structures thereon; and
 - (iii) constructs more than eight apartments or converts an existing building into more than eight apartments or develops a colony and the person who sells apartments or plots are different persons in a planning area, the terms includes both of them;
 - *Explanation.*—A person who acts as described in sub-clause (iii) of this clause shall be deemed to be a promoter, even if—
 - (i) he styles himself as a builder, colonizer, contractor, developer, estate promoter or by any other name; or
 - (ii) he claims to be acting as the holder of a power of attorney from the owner of the land on which the building is constructed or colony is developed; and
- (zv) "property" means the land, the building, all improvements and structures thereon and all easements, rights and appurtenances belonging thereto and includes every type of right and interest in land which a person can have to the exclusion of other persons, such as possession, use and enjoyment free from interference, right of disposition, franchises and hereditament."
- **5. Amendment of section 5.**—In section 5 of the principal Act, for clauses (ii) and (iii), the following clauses shall respectively be substituted, namely:—
 - "(ii) to prepare an existing land use map indicating the natural hazard proneness of the areas; and
 - (iii) to prepare a regional plan keeping in view the regulation for land use zoning for natural hazard prone area.".

- **6.** Amendment of section 14.—In section 14 of the principal Act, for clauses (a), (b) and (c), the following clauses shall respectively be substituted, namely:—
 - "(a) prepare an existing land use map indicating the natural hazard proneness of the area;
 - (b) prepare an interim development plan keeping in view the regulation for land use zoning for natural hazard prone area;
 - (c) prepare a development plan keeping in view the regulation for land use zoning for natural hazard prone area;".
 - 7. Amendment of section 17.—In section 17 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2),—
 - (a) in clause (g), after the words "and land may be put", the words "including regulations for façade control and sloping roof conforming to the hill architecture and environs" shall be inserted; and
 - (b) in clause (j), after the words "flood control", the words "and protection against land slide" shall be inserted.
 - **8.** Amendment of section 18.—In section 18 of the principal Act,—
 - (a) in clause (g), after the words "and land may be put", the words "including regulations for façade control and sloping roof conforming to the hill architecture and environs" shall be inserted.; and
 - (b) in clause (j), after the words "for flood control", the words "and protection against land slide" shall be inserted.
- **9.** Amendment of section 22.—In section 22 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (h), after the words and sign "buildings, structures and land", the words "including regulations for facade control and sloping roof conforming to hill architecture and environs" shall be inserted.
- **10. Amendment of section 31-A.**—In section 31-A of the principal Act, after the words "in the manner prescribed", the words "including soil investigation report and structural design basis report as per provisions for safety against natural hazard" shall be inserted.
 - 11. Amendment of section 38.—In section 38 of the principal Act,—
 - (a) after clause (d), the following new clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(e) in contravention of any other provision of this Act;"; and
 - (b) at the end, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that imposition of fine shall not be deemed to regularize the unauthorized constructions, colonies or buildings, and the Director after giving a notice of thirty days and after affording a reasonable opportunity of being heard, may demolish or remove such unauthorized constructions. The amount incurred on account of demolition or removal of un-authorized construction shall be recovered from the owner of such building as arrears of land revenue."

12. Amendment of section 39.—In section 39 of the principal Act,—

- (a) in sub-section (1), after clause (b), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(c) in cases specified in clause (e) of section 38 to secure compliance in the manner as may be prescribed;; and
- (b) for sub-section(2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(2) in case any person after issuance of notice under sub-section (1) does not comply with the directions, he shall be served with a notice to stop or to seal, as the case may be, unauthorised development in the manner as may be prescribed.".
- 13. Amendment of section 77.—In section 77 of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), in the proviso, after the words "or Nagar Panchayat", the words "or the Panchayati Raj Institutions" shall be inserted.
- **14. Insertion of Chapters IX-A and IX-B.**—In the principal Act, after Chapter-IX, the following Chapters IX-A and IX-B shall be inserted, namely:—

"CHAPTER IX-A

REGISTRATION OF PROMOTERS AND ESTATE AGENTS

- **78a. Registration compulsory.**—(1) No person shall carry on the business of promoter or estate agent, or represent or hold himself out as carrying on such business, except under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the certificate of registration granted under this Act.
- (2) An application for registration under sub-section (1) as a promoter, or as an estate agent, as the case may be, shall be made alongwith a prescribed fee in the prescribed form to the Director, and the Director on receipt of the application may enter the name of the applicant in the register of promoter, or, in the register of estate agents, as the case may be, maintained under this Act in the prescribed form and grant a certificate of registration in the prescribed form to such person for the conduct of his business in accordance with the terms and conditions of the certificate of registration and the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder.
- **78b.** Conditions for registration.—Before registering and granting a certificate of registration to a promoter or, an estate agent under the provisions of section 78a, the Director shall satisfy itself,—
 - (a) in the case, if the application is for registration as a promoter, that the promoter himself or one of his employees, or one of the partners of the firm or one of the directors of the company if the applicant is a firm or company, as the case may be, possesses the prescribed qualifications for conducting the business of a promoter;
 - (b) in the case, if the application is for registration as an estate agent, that the applicant possesses qualifications as may be prescribed;
 - (c) that the applicant furnishes to the Director, either a bank guarantee or a security, for such amount and in such manner as may be prescribed;
 - (d) that the person has furnished the statement of affairs clearly indicating the detailed assets and liabilities;

- (e) in case of a company, the applicant has furnished a certificate of registration of incorporation with the Registrar of Companies;
- (f) in case of a firm, certificate of registration under the Partnership Act,1932 from the competent authority;
- (g) that the applicant has produced an attested copy of PAN alongwith Income Tax returns of last 3 years;
- (h) that the applicant has furnished the details of previous projects executed during the last 5 years alongwith their completion certificate; and
- (i) that the applicant has not been convicted of an offence under this Act or under any law involving moral turpitude.
- **78c. Term and renewal of registration.**—Every certificate of registration of a promoter or an estate agent, issued under section 78a shall be valid for a period of three years and, on the expiry of such a period, it may be renewed for another period of two years by the Director, on an application, alongwith the prescribed fee, made by the promoter or the estate agent in that behalf:

Provided that the conditions referred to in section 78b continue to be fulfilled and the application has been made at least three months before the expiry of the certificate of registration.

- **78d. Refusal to grant or renew registration.**—If after giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard, the Director refuses to grant or renew a certificate of registration, he shall record his reasons therefor in writing and communicate the same to the applicant.
- **78e.** Cancellation of certificate of registration.— (1) A certificate of registration granted under section 78a shall be liable to be cancelled by the Director on the grounds mentioned in subsection (2) and by an order made in writing recording the reasons for such cancellation.
- (2) A certificate of registration is liable to be cancelled, if the promoter or estate agent, as the case may be,—
 - (a) surrenders the certificate of registration as he does not wish to continue carrying on the business;
 - (b) has applied to be adjudicated or has been adjudicated an insolvent or is an undischarged insolvent;
 - (c) has been adjudicated to be of unsound mind by a competent court;
 - (d) has been convicted of an offence under this Act or under any law involving moral turpitude, if convicted, a period of five years has not elapsed since his conviction; and
 - (e) has contravened any of the terms and conditions of the certificate of registration or any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- **78f.** Notice before cancellation. —(1) Before cancelling a certificate of registration under section 78e, the Director shall give notice to the promoter, or the estate agent, as the case may be, specifying the grounds and calling upon him to show-cause why the certificate of registration should not be cancelled.

- (2) After considering the explanation, if any, offered by the promoter, or, the estate agent, as the case may be, the Director may cancel the certificate of registration, or pass such orders as it may deem fit.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), the Director may suspend the certificate of registration of a promoter or an estate agent, as the case may be, pending decision on the matter of cancellation of the certificate of registration.
- (4) Where any certificate of registration is suspended or cancelled under this Act, no person shall be entitled to any compensation or the refund of any fee paid in respect thereof:

Provided that if such person intends to withdraw his application at the processing stage, he shall be entitled to the refund of seventy five percent of such fee.

78g. Carrying on business after cancellation.—When a certificate of registration is suspended or cancelled under the provisions of section 78f or when it expires and is not renewed, under the provisions of section 78c, a promoter or estate agent, as the case may be, shall cease to carry on the business and any business or activity in furtherance of his business during the period of suspension or after the expiry or cancellation of the certificate of registration, shall be liable for all consequences thereof:

Provided that when decision is pending on an application for renewal of registration, no such presumption shall be made, if business is carried on after the expiry of the period of registration of certificate.

- **78h. Maintenance of accounts and records.** (1) Every promoter or estate agent shall maintain such accounts, registers and records in such form and manner as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Director shall maintain such register as may be prescribed showing sufficient particulars of all cases in which licence under section 78p or certificate of registration under this Chapter is granted or refused by him and the said register shall be available for inspection without charges by all interested persons and such persons shall be entitled to have extract therefrom on payment of fee as may be determined by the Director.
- **78i. Audit.**—The promoter or estate agent shall get his accounts audited after the close of every financial year by a Chartered Accountant, and shall produce a statement of accounts duly certified and signed by such Chartered Accountant in the manner prescribed and it shall be verified during the audit that amounts collected for a particular purpose are not utilized for any other purpose.
- **78j. Periodical returns.**—Every promoter or estate agent shall submit to the Director such periodical returns as may be prescribed.
- **78k. Inspection.**—For the purpose of satisfying itself, that the requirements of this Act and the rules made thereunder or the terms and conditions of the certificate of registration granted under this Chapter or licence granted under section 78p of this Act of a promoter or an estate agent are duly complied with, the Director may inspect or cause to be inspected, at any time during business hours, any accounts or records of a promoter or an estate agent relating to such business.
- **78l. Essentiality Certificate.**—A promoter who needs to arrange land for any project from private land owners shall have to obtain essentiality certificate from the Government.
- **78m.** No objection Certificate.—In case the intended area of development falls outside Town and Country Planning areas, the promoter concerned shall be required to obtain No Objection Certificate from Director before applying for essentiality certificate.

CHAPTER-IX-B

REGULATION OF PROMOTION, CONSTRUCTION, SALE, TRANSFER AND MANAGEMENT OF APARTMENTS, PLOTS AND PROPERTIES

78n. General liabilities of promoter. —(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, a promoter, who develops a colony or who constructs or intends to construct a building or apartments, shall, in all transactions with persons taking or intending to take a plot or an apartment on ownership basis, be liable to give or produce, or cause to be given or produced, the information and the documents mentioned hereinafter in this section.

- (2) A promoter who develops a colony or who constructs or intends to construct such building or apartments shall,—
 - (a) make full and true disclosure of the nature of his title to the land on which such colony is developed or such building is constructed or is to be constructed, such title to the land having been duly certified by an Assistant Collector First Grade or Second Grade, as the case may be, after he has examined the transactions concerning it in the previous ten years; and if the land is owned by another person, the consent of the owner of such land to the development of the colony or construction of the buildings has been obtained:

Provided that the promoter may be issued letter of intent on the basis of the consent of the landowner(s) but the licence shall only be granted when the promoter acquires the absolute and clear title of the land in his own name;

- (b) make full and true disclosure of all encumbrances on such land, including any right, title, interest or claim of any party in or over such land;
- (c) make available for inspection on seven days notice or on demand,—
 - (i) of the layout of the colony and plan of development works to be executed in a colony as approved by the Director in the case of colony; and
 - (ii) of the plan and specifications of the building built or to be built on the land as well as of the common areas and facilities and common services provided (including supply of electricity and water, sewerage and drainage system, lifts, fire-fighting equipment), such plans and specifications being in accordance with the provisions of the building regulations, and approved by the authority which is required so to do under any law for the time being in force, indicating thereon what parts of the building and the appurtenant areas are intended to be kept as common areas and facilities in the case of apartments:

Provided that the number and sizes of the apartments shall conform to the building regulations, and the area of an apartment shall not exceed such limit as may be fixed by the Director;

(d) display or keep all the documents, plans and specifications or copies thereof referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) at the site and in his office and make them available for inspection to persons taking or intending to take a plot or an apartment and after the association is formed, he shall furnish the association a copy of these documents and of the sanctioned plan of the building;

- (e) disclose the nature of fixtures, fittings and amenities, including the provision for one or more lifts, provided or to be provided;
- (f) disclose on reasonable notice or on demand, if the promoter is himself the builder the prescribed particulars in respects of the design and the materials to be used in construction and, if the promoter is not himself the builder, disclose all agreements entered into by him with the architects and contractors regarding the design, materials and constructions of the building;
- (g) specify, in writing, the date by which possession of the plot or apartment is to be handed over and he shall hand over such possession accordingly;
- (h) except where there are no agreements about specific plots or apartments and allotment is made by draw of lots, prepare and maintain a list of plots or apartments with their numbers, the names and addresses of the parties who have taken or agreed to take plots or apartments, the price charged or agreed to be charged therefor, and the terms and conditions, if any, on which the plots or apartments are taken or agreed to be taken;
- (i) state in writing, the precise nature of and the terms and conditions governing the association to be constituted of persons who have taken or are to take the apartments;
- (j) not allow person to enter into possession until an occupation certificate required under any law is duly given by the appropriate authority under that law and no person shall take possession of an apartment until such occupation certificate is obtained;
- (k) make a full and true disclosure of all outgoings, including ground rent, if any, municipal or other local taxes, charges for water and electricity, revenue assessment, interest on mortgages or other encumbrances, if any;
- (l) give the estimated cost of the building and the apartments proposed to be constructed, or colony to be developed, and the manner in which escalation in such cost for valid reasons as may be approved by mutual agreement;
- (m) make a full and true disclosure of such other information and documents in such manner as may be prescribed; and
- (n) give on demand and on payment of reasonable charges true copies of such of the documents referred to in any of the clauses of this sub-section as may be prescribed.

780. Issue of advertisement or prospectus. —(1) No promoter shall issue an advertisement or prospectus, offering for sale of any apartment or plot or inviting persons who intend to take such apartments or plots to make advances or deposits, unless,—

- (a) the promoter holds a certificate of registration under sub-section (2) of section 78 a and it is in force and has not been suspended or revoked and its number is mentioned in the advertisement or prospectus;
- (b) a copy of the advertisement or prospectus is filed in the office of the Director before its issue or publication; and
- (c) the promoter holds a valid licence under sub-section (3) of section 78p of this Act for the colony or the building, as the case may be.

- (2) The advertisement or prospectus issued under sub-section (1) shall disclose the area of the apartments or plots offered for sale, title to the land, extent and situation of land, the price payable and in the case of colonies, also layout of the colony, the plan regarding the development works to be executed in a colony and the number and the validity of the licence issued by the Director under sub-section (3) of section 78p and such other matters as may be prescribed.
- (3) The advertisement or prospectus shall be available for inspection at the office of the promoter and at the site where the building is being constructed or on the land being developed into a colony, along with the documents specified in this section and in section 78n.
- (4) When any person makes an advance or deposits on the faith of the advertisement or prospectus, and sustains any loss or damage by reason of any untrue statement included therein, he shall be compensated by,—
 - (a) the promoter, if an individual;
 - (b) every partner of the firm, if the promoter is a firm;
 - (c) every person who is a director at the time of issue of the advertisement or prospectus, if the promoter is a company:
 - Provided however, that such person shall not be liable if he proves that—
 - (a) he withdrew his consent to become a director before the issue of the advertisement or prospectus; or
 - (b) the advertisement or prospectus was issued without his knowledge or consent, and on becoming aware of its issue, he forthwith gave reasonable public notice that it was issued without his knowledge or consent; or
 - (c) after the issue of the advertisement or prospectus and before any agreement was entered into with buyers of plots or apartments, he, on becoming aware of any untrue statement therein, withdrew his consent and gave reasonable public notice of the withdrawal and of the reasons therefor.
- (5) When any advertisement or prospectus includes any untrue statement, every person who authorised its issue, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to two years or with fine which shall not be less than five lacs rupees but which may extend to ten lacs rupees, or, with both, unless he proves that the statement was immaterial or that he had reason to believing and did upto the time of issue of the advertisement or prospectus believing that the statement was true.
- **78p.** Development of land into colony and construction of building.— (1) Any promoter, who desires to develop a land into a colony or intends to construct a building, shall make an application in the prescribed form alongwith the prescribed information and with the prescribed fee to the Director for grant of permission for the same and separate permission shall be required for each colony or building.
- (2) On receipt of the application under sub-section (1), the Director, after making enquiry into the title to the land, extent and situation of the land, capacity of the promoter to develop the colony, layout of the colony, conformity of the development of the colony with the neighbouring areas, plan of development works to be executed in the colony and such other matters as it may

deem fit, and after affording the applicant an opportunity of being heard and also taking into consideration the opinion of the prescribed authority, shall pass an order, in writing, recording reasons either granting or refusing to grant such permission.

(3) Where an order is passed granting permission under sub-section (2), the Director shall grant a licence in the prescribed form, after the promoter has deposited twenty five percent of development charges assessed at the rate of rupees seven hundred per square metre or part thereof as development charges in the shape of bank draft and the promoter has undertaken to enter into an agreement in the prescribed form for carrying out completion of development works inaccordance with the conditions of the licence so granted:

Provided that the promoter shall not be entitled to any interest on the bank draft deposited under this sub-section.

- (4) The licence granted under sub-section (3) shall be valid for a period of three years and may be renewed thereafter for a period of two years at a time on payment of prescribed fee by the Director.
- (5) The promoter shall enter into agreement undertaking to pay development charges for development works to be carried out by the Government or a local authority.
- (6) The Director shall determine the development charges and the time and the manner in which such charges referred to in sub-section (5) shall be paid to the Government or the local authority, as the case may be.
- (7) The promoter either himself or by any other person or entity shall develop infrastructure, amenities and common facilities such as schools, hospitals, community centers and other community buildings including street lighting on the land set apart for this purpose as per approved layout plan of the colony. He shall handover such land and assets to the local authority including Panchayati Raj Institutions and Urban Local Bodies in running order on such terms and conditions as may be fixed by the Director:

Provided that if having regard to the amenities which exists or are proposed to be provided in the locality, the Director is of the opinion that it is not necessary to provide one or more of such amenities, he may exempt the promoter from providing such amenities, either wholly or in part, on such terms and conditions, as he may deem fit.

- (8) The promoter including any development authority owned or controlled by the Government shall earmark atleast 25% of developed land in all Housing Projects for Economically Weaker Sections/Low Income Groups of society in such manner and on such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed.
- (9) The promoter shall carry out all directions issued by the Director for ensuring due compliance of the execution of the layout and the development works therein and to permit the Director or any officer authorized by him to inspect such execution:

Provided that the promoter shall fully provide essential infrastructure *i.e.* roads, foot-paths, water supply, sewerage and street lighting in running order before handing over the colony or apartments to the local authority or allottees, as the case may be.

(10) The promoter shall be responsible for the maintenance and upkeep of all roads, open spaces, public parks and public health services until the date of transfer thereof in running order,

free of cost to the local authority including Panchayati Raj Institutions and Urban Local Bodies or association. Where the basic amenities have been provided by the local authorities including Panchayati Raj Institutions and Urban Local Bodies, the promoter shall pay service charges to such local authorities as may be prescribed by such authorities till transfer.

- (11) In the event of the promoter contravening any provisions of this Act, or rules made thereunder or any conditions of the licence granted under sub-section (3), the Director may, after giving an opportunity of being heard, cancel the licence and forfiet such security as has been furnished by the promoter under sub-section (3).
- (12) When a licence is cancelled under sub-section (11), the Director shall cause to be carried out the development works at the risk of the promoter and after adjusting the amount received as bank draft, recover remaining charges as the Director incurs on the said development works from the promoter and the allottees in the manner as may be prescribed as arrear of land revenue.
- (13) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, after development works have been carried out under sub-section (12), the Director may, with a view to enabling the promoter, to transfer the possession of, and the title to, the land to the allottees within a specified time, authorise the promoter by an order to receive the balance amount, if any, due from the allottees after adjustment of the amount which may have been recovered by the Director towards the cost of the development works and also transfer the possession of, and the title to, the land to the allottees within the specified time and if the promoter fails to do so, the Director shall on behalf of the promoter transfer the possession of, and the title to, the land to the allottees on receipt of the amount which was due from them.
- **78q.** Agreement of sale.—(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, a promoter who intends to construct or constructs a building or apartments, all or some of which are to be taken or are taken on ownership basis or who intends to offer for sale of plots in a colony, shall, before he accepts any sum of money as advance payment or deposit, which shall not be more than twenty five per cent of the sale price, enter into a written agreement for sale with each of such persons who are to take or have taken such apartments or plots, as the case may be, and the agreement shall be in the prescribed form together with prescribed documents:

Provided that if only a refundable application fee is collected from the applicant before draw of lots for allotment, such agreement shall be required only after such draw of lots.

- (2) The promoter shall not cancel unilaterally the agreement of sale entered into under sub-section (1) and if he has sufficient cause to cancel it, he shall give due notice to the other parties to the agreement and tender a refund of the full amount collected together with interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum.
- (3) The agreement to be prescribed under sub-section (1) shall contain inter alia the particulars as hereunder specified in clause (a) in respect of apartments and as specified in clause (b) in respect of plots in a colony and to such agreement shall be attached the copies of the documents specified in clause (c),—
 - (a) the particulars in the case of apartment,—
 - (i) the liability of promoter to construct the building according to the plans and specifications approved by the authority which is required so to do under any law for the time being in force and the statement of the use for which the apartment is intended and restrictions on its use, if any;

- (ii) the price of the apartment and date by which its possession is to be handed over to the allottee with area including area of balconies; and
- (iii) the nature, extent and description of the common areas and facilities and the limited common areas and facilities including the proportionate price of the common areas and facilities and intervals at which the installments thereof may be paid by the allottee of the apartment. The percentage of undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and in the limited common areas and facilities, if any, pertaining to the apartment agreed to be sold, such percentage shall be the ratio of the built-up area of the apartment to the total built-up area of all the apartments;
- (b) the particulars in the case of plots in a colony,—
 - (i) the date by which the possession of the plot is to be handed over to allottee; and
 - (ii) the price and area of the plot with statement of the use for which the plot is intended and restriction on its use, if any;
- (c) the copies of documents to be attached with the agreement,—
 - (i) the certificate by an Assistant Collector First Grade or Second Grade, as the case may be, referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 78n;
 - (ii) certified copy from any relevant revenue record showing the nature of the title of the promoter to the plot or the land on which the building or apartment is constructed or is to be constructed; and
 - (iii) the plans and specifications of the apartment as approved by the authority which is required so to do under any law for the time being in force.
- **78r. Maintenance of accounts by promoters.**—The promoter shall obtain all requisite permissions and shall maintain proper account of payments received and expenses incurred and will show it to the Director as and when required.
- **78s.** Responsibility for payment of charges till transfer.—A promoter shall, while he is in possession, and, where he collects from persons who have taken or are to take apartments or plots, sums for the payment of charges, even thereafter, pay all charges (including ground rent, municipal or other local taxes, charges for water or electricity, revenue assessment, interest on mortgages or other encumbrances, if any) until he transfers the property to the persons taking over the apartments or plots. Where any promoter fails to pay all or any of the charges collected by him from the persons who have taken over or are to take over apartments or plots, before transferring the property to the persons taking over the apartments or plots, the promoter shall continue to be liable, even after the transfer of the property, to pay such charges and penal charges, if any, to the authority or person to whom they are payable and be responsible for any legal proceedings which may be taken therefor by such authority or person.
- **78t.** No alterations and rectification of defects.—(1) After the plans and specifications of the building as approved by the authority which is required so to do under any law are disclosed or furnished to the person who agrees to take an apartment, the promoter shall,—
 - (i) not make any alterations in the structures described therein in respect of such apartment, without the previous consent of that person; or

- (ii) not make any other alterations in, or additions to the structure of the building or construct any additional structures, without the previous consent of all the persons who have agreed to take apartments in such building.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the building shall be constructed and completed in accordance with the plans and specifications aforesaid; and if any defect in the building or material used, or if any unauthorized change in the construction is brought to the notice of the promoter within a period of one year from the date of handing over possession, it shall wherever possible be rectified by the promoter without further charge to the persons who have agreed to take the apartments, and in other cases such persons shall be entitled to receive reasonable compensation for such defects or change and where there is a dispute as regards any defect in the building or material used or any unauthorized change in the construction, or as to whether it is reasonably possible for the promoter to rectify any such defect or change, or as regards the amount of reasonable compensation payable in respect of any such defect or change which cannot be or is not rectified by the promoter, the matter shall, on payment of such fee as may be prescribed and within a period of three years from the date of handing over possession, be referred for decision to the Director and the Director shall, after giving an opportunity of being heard to the parties and after making further enquiry, if any, as it may deem fit, pass order, which shall be final.

78u. Refund of amount.—If the promoter,—

- (a) fails to give possession in accordance with the terms of the agreement reached with the buyers of a plot or an apartment duly completed by the date specified or any further date agreed to by the parties; or
- (b) does not give possession by the date specified or further date agreed, the promoter shall be liable on demand but without prejudice to any other penalties to which he may be liable, to refund the amounts already received by him in respect of that plot or apartments with simple interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum from the date the promoter received the sums till the date the amounts and interest thereon is refunded and the amounts and the interest shall be a charge on the land on which a plot is to be developed or a building is or was to be constructed and the construction, if any, thereon shall be subject to any prior encumbrances.
- **78v.** No mortgage without consent.—(1) No promoter shall, after he executes an agreement to sell any apartment or plot, mortgage or create a charge on such apartment or the land or the plot, without the previous consent of the person who takes or agrees to take such apartment or plot, and if any such mortgage or charge is made or created without such previous consent, it shall not affect the right and interest of such person.
- (2) If a promoter has executed an agreement of sale of an apartment or a plot with a buyer and has not yet received from him all the amounts agreed to be paid, the buyer shall not mortgage or create a charge against such apartment or plot without the previous consent of the promoter:

Provided that the promoter shall not withhold consent if the mortgage or charge is for the purpose of obtaining finance for the payment of amounts due to the promoter.

78w. Completion and occupation certificate.—(1) It shall be the responsibility of the promoter,—

(i) in the case of apartments, to obtain from the authority required to do so under any law completion and occupation certificate for the building and if a promoter, within a

reasonable time, after the construction of the building, does not apply for an occupation certificate from such authority, the allottee of an apartment may apply for an occupation certificate from the said authority; and

- (ii) in the case of a colony, to obtain completion certificate from the Director to the effect that the development works have been completed in all respects as per terms and conditions of the licence granted to him under section 78p.
- (2) The authority referred to in sub-section (1) shall after satisfying itself about the agreement of sale between the promoter and the allottee, and the compliance of the building regulations and all other formalities, issue an occupation certificate.
- 78x. Promoter to execute documents.—After the completion or occupation certificate is obtained under section 78w, the promoter shall submit a copy thereof to the Director and thereafter he shall take all necessary steps to complete his title and convey the exclusive ownership of the apartment or plot containing such particulars as may be prescribed and the undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appurtenant to such apartment or plot to the person in whose favour he has executed an agreement of sale of that apartment or plot, and execute a conveyance deed of apartment or plot containing such particulars as may be prescribed and all other relevant documents therefor in accordance with such agreement, within three months from the date of giving possession of the apartment or plot and also deliver all documents of title relating to the property which may be in his possession or power and the promoter shall not reserve any right in the property except to the extent of apartments or plots which he is taking up in his own name and apartments or plots which are meant for sale but are still unsold.
- 78y. Enforcement of registration of conveyance.—(1) If the promoter without sufficient cause fails to execute the conveyance deed of apartment or plot and other relevant documents within three months in terms of the provisions of section 78x, the person in possession of the apartment or plot in pursuance of the agreement of sale may make an application, in writing, in the prescribed form to the Director for a certificate to be produced before the concerned registering officer for enforcing the registration of the transfer and on receipt of such application and after making such enquiry as may be necessary and satisfying itself that occupation or completion certificate has been obtained from the authority required to do so under any law and the person in possession has done what he was required to do under the agreement of sale, the Director shall issue a certificate to the registering officer that it is a fit case for enforcing registration of the conveyance deed and direct the person who has taken the apartment or plot to present the conveyance deed of apartment or plot though not executed by the promoter for unilateral execution of registration.
- (2) After the conveyance deed of apartment or plot alongwith the certificate issued by the Director under sub-section (1) is presented for registration, the registering officer shall cause a summons to be issued to the promoter and if the promoter fails to appear in compliance with the summons so issued, the execution of the instrument shall be deemed to be admitted by him and the registering officer shall proceed to register the instrument and if the promoter appears but denies execution of the conveyance deed, the registering officer, after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, if satisfied that the promoter has failed to execute the conveyance deed without sufficient cause, shall proceed to register the same.
- (3) If the promoter fails to execute a written agreement of sale as required under section 78q, or fails to execute the conveyance deed of apartments or plots and other relevant documents as specified in sub-section (1), within three months, the Director may, either on a complaint or suo moto, impose for each plot or apartment for which there is a default, a penalty upto a maximum of

five percent of the price of the plot or the apartment or fifty thousand rupees, whichever is greater, and further minimum penalty of five hundred rupees for each day for which the default continues for each plot or apartment, and such penalty may be recovered against the bank draft deposited under sub-section (3) of section 78p:

Provided that the penalty if not received fully against the bank draft, the balance shall be recoverable as arrear of land revenue.

- (4) The penalty imposed under sub-section (3) shall be in addition to any action taken under the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, (2 of 1899) or the Registration Act, 1908(16 of 1908) and if a penalty is imposed under the provisions of any of these Acts, the promoter shall not be liable to penalty for the same offence under this Act or under any other law governing the apartment ownership.
- **78z. Promoter's responsibility for essential services.**—(1) No promoter and no person who is responsible for the management and maintenance of a building or apartments, shall without just and sufficient cause, either by himself or through any person, cut off, withhold, curtail or reduce, any essential supply or service enjoyed in respect of such apartment or plot by the person who has taken or agreed to take an apartment or plot or by any person in occupation thereof through or under him.
- (2) If there is a contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), the person who has taken or agreed to take the apartment or plot or the occupier thereof may make an application to the Director for a direction to restore such supply or service.
- (3) If the Director on enquiry finds that the person referred to in sub-section (2) has been in enjoyment of the essential supply or service and that it was cut off or withheld or curtailed or reduced without just and sufficient cause, the Director shall make an order directing the restoration of such supply or service before a date to be specified in the order.
- (4) If the supply or service is not restored before the date specified under sub-section (3), the promoter or the person responsible for the management and maintenance of the building or apartment or plot shall be liable, upon a further direction by the Director to that effect, to a penalty which may extend to one thousand rupees for each day during which the default continues thereafter.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, the Director shall have jurisdiction to decide any application made under sub-section (2) and no other court shall have jurisdiction to entertain such application and no appeal shall lie from any order made on such application.
- (6) Any promoter or person responsible for the management and maintenance of building or apartment or plot, who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), shall on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine, which may extend to fifty thousand rupees or with both.
- (7) The offence under sub-section (6) shall be cognizable, and shall not be triable by any court inferior to that of Judicial Magistrate of the First Class.

Explanation-I.—In this section, "essential supply or service" includes the supply of water, electricity, lights in passages and on staircase, and lifts and conservancy or sanitary service.

Explanation-II.—For the purposes of this section withholding any essential supply or service shall include acts or omissions attributable to the promoter or the person responsible for the management and maintenance of the building or apartment, on account of which the essential supply of service is cut off by the local authority or any other authority.

78za. Regulation of property.—(1) A promoter who enters into a transaction for the transfer relating to a property shall,—

- (a) make full and true disclosure of the nature of his title to the property indicating clearly that his title to property has been duly certified by an Assistant Collector First Grade or Second Grade, as the case may be, after he has examined transactions concerning it in the previous ten years;
- (b) make full and true disclosure of all encumbrances on such property, including any right, title, interest or claim of any party in or over such property;
- (c) in case the property is land held on lease, produce consent from the lessee for the transaction;
- (d) in case the property is land, subject to the provisions of the Urban Land (Ceiling and Regulation) Act, 1976; (33 of 1976) produce clearance from the competent authority under that Act;
- (e) make full and true disclosure of any reservations, in the development plan framed under any law for the time being in force or restrictions on the use to which the property may be put and any liability to carry out any development works;
- (f) specify, in writing, the date by which possession of the property is to be handed over;
- (g) make full and true disclosure of all charges, including ground rent, if any, municipal or other local taxes, revenue assessment, interest on any mortgage or other encumbrance, development charges or charges for maintenance and upkeep of roads, drainage, sewerage, water supply, electricity, lay out and constructed by the Government or any local authority.
- (2) No person shall issue a prospectus or advertisement offering for sale any property, unless the prospectus or advertisement indicates the place and time the documents and certificates relating to the matters specified in sub-section (1) are available for inspection.
- (3) The provisions of sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 780 shall apply mutatis mutandis for mis-statements in the prospectus or advertisement issued under sub-section (2) of this section.
- (4) The provisions of sections 78r, 78x and 78y shall apply mutatis-mutandis to a transaction of property made under this section.
- **78 zb. General liabilities of allottee.** (1) Every allottee who has executed an agreement of sale to take an apartment or a plot under section 78q or any property under section 78za shall pay at the proper time and place, the price, the proportionate share of the municipal taxes, water and electricity charges, ground rent, if any, and other charges in accordance with the agreement of sale.
- (2) Any person who has executed an agreement of sale of an apartment or plot or other property and who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with or contravenes the provisions of

sub-section (1) shall, on conviction, be punished with fine which may extend to one percent of the price of the apartment or plot or property, as the case may be, or one thousand rupees, whichever is higher.

- **78zc.** Restriction on structures in a colony.—Every person, erecting or re-erecting any structure in a colony in respect whereof a licence has been obtained under sub-section (3) of section 78p, shall comply with such conditions regarding use of land, layout plan, zoning regulations, site coverage, height of building, set back lines, structural and sanitary requirements, architectural control, design of buildings and material to be used in erection thereof as may be prescribed.
- **78zd.** Constitution of Development Fund.—(1) Every promoter to whom a licence has been granted under section 78p to develop a colony shall deposit service charges at the rate of two hundred rupees per square metre with an increase of 10% after a block of five years, of the plotted area proposed to be developed by him as residential, commercial or industrial (excluding the area used by the public for general purposes) into a colony in two equal installments, the first installment shall be deposited within sixty days from the date of grant of licence and the second installment shall be deposited within six months from the date of grant of licence and the promoter shall in turn be entitled to pass on the service charges so paid by him to the allottees.
- (2) The amount of service charges levied under sub-section (1) if not paid within the stipulated period, shall be recoverable as arrears of land revenue or the Director may cancel his licence after giving him an opportunity of being heard.
- (3) The amount of service charges deposited by the promoter under sub-section (1) or recovered under sub-section (2) shall constitute a fund to be called "the Development Fund" (hereinafter referred to as the "Fund") and shall vest in such authority as the State Government may notify in this behalf and shall be administered by that authority.
- (4) The Fund shall be utilized by the authority notified under sub-section (3) for the benefit of the allottees, for development of the colonies, to promote research and development in town and country and urban affairs and for such other similar purposes as may be prescribed.
- (5) The State Government shall publish annually in the Official Gazette the report of the activities financed from the Fund and the statement of accounts."
- **15. Amendment of section 87.**—In section 87 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), for existing clause (xxiii), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(xxiii) the form of application for registration of promoters and estate agents and the fee for such application, form for maintenance of registers and the form of registration certificate under sub-section (2) of section 78a;
 - (xxiv) the qualifications for a promoter and for an estate agent and the amount and manner of security to be furnished under section 78b;
 - (xxv) the fee for renewal of registration under section 78c;
 - (xxvi) the form and manner of maintaining accounts, registers and records by a promoter or estate agent under sub-section (1) and maintenance of register by the Director under sub-section (2) of section 78h;
 - (xxvii) the manner in which the accounts shall be audited and certified by a Chartered Accountant under section 78i;

- (xxviii) the periodical returns which a promoter or estate agent has to submit to the Director under section 78j;
- (xxix) the particulars in respect of the design and the materials to be used in the construction of the building and the other information and documents to be disclosed, the manner in which disclosure is to be made and the documents of which true copies shall be given by the promoter under clauses (f), (m) and (n) of sub-section(2) of section 78n;
- (xxx) the other matters to be disclosed in an advertisement or prospectus under subsection (2) of section 780;
- the form of application, the information to be attached with the application and the fee to be paid for the grant of permission under sub-section (1), the authority to be prescribed for giving opinion to the Director under sub-section (2), the form of licence to be issued and the agreement to be entered into under sub-section(3), the fee to be paid for renewal of licence under sub-section (4), the manner of earmarking developed land, residential apartments or plots for weaker sections of society and the terms and conditions subject to which the reservation is to be made under sub-section (8) and service charges to be paid under sub-section (10) of section 78p;
- (xxxii) the form for the agreement of sale and the particulars and conditions to be contained in and the documents or copies thereof to be attached to such agreement under sub-section (1) of section 78q;
- (xxxiii) the particulars to be included in respect of conveyance deed of apartment under section 78x;
- (xxxiv) the form of application under sub-section (1) of section 78y;
- (xxxv) the conditions to be prescribed under section 78y;
- (xxxvi) the purposes to be prescribed under sub-section (4) of section 78zc;
- (xxxvii) any other matter for which Building Regulations or Bye-Laws may be made including the matters relating to the development control and natural hazard prone area; and

(xxxviii) any other matter for which rules may be made.".

- **16. Amendment of section 90.**—In the principal Act, existing section 90 shall be numbered as sub-section (1) and thereafter the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(2) The Himachal Pradesh Apartment and Property Regulation Act, 2005 (Act No. 21 of 2005) is hereby repealed.
 - (3) The repeal of the Act under sub-section(2) shall not affect—
 - (i) any right, privilege, delegation or liability required or incurred under the Act so repealed under sub-section(2);
 - (ii) any penalty, forfeiture or punishment incurred in respect of any offence committed against the Act so repealed under sub-section(2);

- (iii) any investigation, legal proceedings or remedy in respect of any such right, privilege, obligation, liability, penalty, forfeiture, or punishment as aforesaid; and any such investigation, legal proceedings or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced or any such penalty, forfeiture and punishment may be imposed as if the aforesaid Act had not been repealed.
- (4) Notwithstanding such repeal anything done or any action taken under the Act so repealed under sub-section(2) including any notification, order, notice issued, application made, or permission granted, which is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act as if this Act was in force at the time such thing was done or action was taken and shall continue to be in force, unless and until superseded by anything done or any action taken under this Act.".

SPECIFIC NOTIFICATION FINANCE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Shimla-2, 20th September, 2013

- No. Fin-2-C-(12)-1/2013.—Government of Himachal Pradesh hereby notifies the sale of Himachal Pradesh Government Stock (securities) of 10-year tenure for an aggregate amount of ₹ 175.00 crore (Nominal). The sale will be subject to the terms and conditions spelt out in this notification (called Specific Notification) as also the terms and conditions specified in the General Notification No.Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003 dated July 20, 2007 of Government of Himachal Pradesh.
- 1. Object of the loan.—(i) The proceeds of the State Government Securities will be utilized for the development programme of the Government of Himachal Pradesh.
 - (ii) Consent of Central Government has been obtained to the floatation of this loan as required by Article 293 (3) of the Constitution of India.
- **2. Method of Issue.**—Government Stock will be sold through the Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai Office (PDO) Fort, Mumbai-400 001 by auction in the manner as prescribed in paragraph 6.1 of the General Notification No.Fin-2-C(12)-11/2003, dated July 20, 2007 at a coupon rate to be determined by the Reserve Bank of India at the yield based auction under multiple price formats.
- **3.** Allotment to Non-Competitive Bidders.—The Government Stock upto 10% of the notified amount of the sale will be allotted to eligible individuals and institutions subject to a maximum limit of 1% of the notified amount for a single bid as per the Revised Scheme for Non Competitive Bidding Facility in the Auctions of State Government Securities of the General Notification (Annexure-II).
- 4. **Place and Date of Auction.**—The auction will be conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, at its Mumbai Office, Fort, Mumbai-400 001 on **September 24, 2013.** Bids for the auction should be submitted in electronic format on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) System as stated below on **September 24, 2013**.
 - (a) The competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) System between 10:30AM and 12:00 PM.

- (b) The non-competitive bids shall be submitted electronically on the Reserve Bank of India Core Banking Solution (E-Kuber) System between 10:30 AM and 11:30 AM.
- 5. Result of the Auction.—The result of the auction shall be displayed by the Reserve Bank of India on its website on the same day. The payment by successful bidders will be on September 25, 2013.
- 6. Method of Payment.—Successful bidders will make payments on September 25, 2013 before close of banking hours by means of cash, bankers' cheque/pay order, demand draft payable at Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai/New Delhi or a cheque drawn on their account with Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai(Fort)/New Delhi.
- 7. Tenure.—The Stock will be of 10-year tenure. The tenure of the Stock will commence on September 25, 2013.
 - 8. Date of Repayment.—The loan will be repaid at par on September 25, 2023.
- 9. Rate of Interest.—The cut-off yield determined at the auction will be the coupon rate percent per annum on the stock sold at the auction. The interest will be paid on March 25 and September 25.
- 10. Eligibility of Securities.—The investment in Government Stock will be reckoned as an eligible investment in Government Securities by banks for the purpose of Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) under Section 24 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The stocks will qualify for the ready forward facility.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Himachal Pradesh Principal Secretary to the Government of Himachal Pradesh Finance Department.

HIGH COURT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH, SHIMLA – 171 001

NOTIFICATION

Shimla, the 20th September, 2013

No. HHC/Admn. 16(34)74-IV.— In exercise of the powers vested in it under Section 16(2) of the Advocates Act, 1961, the High Court of Himachal Pradesh has been pleased to designate Sh. Shrawan Dogra, Advocate General of the State of Himachal Pradesh, as Senior Advocate with immediate effect.

By order, Sd/-Registrar General. हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) विधेयक, 2015

हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) विधेयक, 2015

खण्डों का क्रम

खण्ड:

- 1. संक्षिप्त नाम।
- 2. बृहत् नाम का संशोधन।
- 3. धारा 1 का संशोधन।
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- 11. धारा 78 ढ का संशोधन।
- 12. धारा ७८ त का संशोधन।
- 13. धारा 78 न का संशोधन।
- 14. धारा 78 ब का संशोधन।
- 15. धारा 78 य घ का संशोधन।
- 16. नई धारा 78 य ङ और 78 य च का अन्तःस्थापन।
- 17. धारा 83-क का संशोधन।
- 18. धारा 87 का संशोधन।

हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) विधेयक, 2015

(विधान सभा द्वारा यथा संशोधित पारित)

हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना अधिनियम, 1977 (1977 का अधिनियम संख्यांक 12) का और संशोधन करने के लिए विधेयक।

भारत गणराज्य के छियासठवें वर्ष में हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान सभा द्वारा निम्नलिखित रूप में यह अधिनियमित हो:—

- 1. इस अधिनियम का संक्षिप्त नाम हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और संक्षिप्त नाम । ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2015 है।
- 2. हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना अधिनियम, 1977 बृहत् नाम का (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात "मूल अधिनियम" कहा गया है) के बृहत् नाम में, संशोधन। "विशेष क्षेत्र विकास प्राधिकरण के माध्यम से " शब्दों के पश्चात् "," चिन्ह अन्तःस्थापित किया जाएगा।
- 3. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 1 की उपधारा (3 क) में, "विशेष क्षेत्र धारा 1 का से बाहर" शब्दों के पश्चात् "विक्रय के प्रयोजन के लिए" शब्द अन्तःस्थापित संशोधन। किए जाएंगे।
 - 4. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 2 में,— धारा 2 का संशोधन।
 - (क) खण्ड (य ङ) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित खण्ड रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:—

"(य ङ) "कॉलोनी" से भूमि का कम से कम 2500 वर्गमीटर का ऐसा क्षेत्र अभिप्रेत है जिसे साईबर सिटी, साईबर पार्क, ग्रुप हाउसिंग के रूप में फ्लैटों के सन्निर्माण या एकीकृत वाणिज्यिक काम्पलेक्सों के सन्निर्माण सिहत आवासीय, वाणिज्यिक या औद्योगिक प्रयोजनों के लिए प्लाटों या अपार्टमेंटों या भवनों में संसक्त विभाजित किया गया हो या विभाजित किया जाना प्रस्तावित हो। किन्तु इसके अन्तर्गत लाल लकीर के अन्दर आने वाला गांव का आबादी—देह क्षेत्र या निम्नलिखित के लिए विभाजित या विभाजित किए जाने के लिए प्रस्तावित भूमि नहीं है—

(i) कृषि प्रयोजन के लिए:

परन्तु ऐसी भूमि कॉलोनी के विकास के लिए उपयोग में नहीं लाई जाएगी;

- (ii) कॉलोनी को विकसित करने के उद्देश्य के बिना, विरासत या उत्तराधिकार स्वरूप विभाजन के परिणाम स्वरूप; और
- (iii) कम्पनी, संस्था या कारखाने द्वारा अपने कर्मचारियों के लिए आवासीय निवास स्थान उपलब्ध करवाने के लिए:

परन्तु इसमें न तो लाभ का उद्देश्य है और न ही ऐसे आवासों का स्वामित्व कर्मचारियों को अन्तरित किया जाता है और उनके आवास के अधिकार कम्पनी, संस्था या कारखाने में उनके नियोजन की अवधि तक ही सीमित हैं;"; और

- (ख) खण्ड (य प) में, विद्यमान उप खण्ड (iii) के स्थान पर, स्पष्टीकरण के सिवाय, निम्नलिखित उप खण्ड रखा जाएगा, अर्थात्:—
 - "(iii) धारा 1 की उपधारा (3क) में यथाविनिर्दिष्ट किसी योजना क्षेत्र या किसी विशेष क्षेत्र या किसी निर्णीत योजना क्षेत्र में आठ से अधिक अपार्टमेन्टों का सन्निर्माण करता है या विद्यमान भवन को आठ से अधिक अपार्टमेंटों में परिवर्तित करता है या कॉलोनी विकसित करता है और व्यक्ति जो अपार्टमेन्टों या प्लॉटों की बिक्री करता है, भिन्न व्यक्ति है; पद के अन्तर्गत दोनों हैं।"।

धारा 15-क **5**. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 15-क की उपधारा (1) में, "तीन का संशोधन। वर्ष" शब्दों के स्थान पर" पांच वर्ष" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

- 6. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 16 के खण्ड (ग) में, ''धारा 13 के ^{धारा 16 का} अधीन गठित किसी योजना क्षेत्र में'' शब्दों के पश्चात् ''और धारा (1) की ^{संशोधन।} उपधारा (3 क) में यथा विनिर्दिष्ट किसी विशेष क्षेत्र या किसी निर्णीत योजना क्षेत्र में' शब्द अन्तःस्थापित किए जाएंगे।
 - 7. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 32 में,—

धारा 32 का संशोधन।

- (क) उपधारा (1) में, "धारा 31 के अधीन शर्तों पर अनुज्ञा प्रदान करने या अनुज्ञा से इन्कार करने के" शब्दों और अंकों के स्थान पर "इस अधिनियम के किसी भी उपबन्ध के अधीन पारित किसी" शब्द रखे जाएंगे; और
- (ख) उपधारा (2) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित उपधारा रखी जाएगी अर्थात्:—
 - "(2) उपधारा (1) के अधीन नियुक्त अधिकारी सुनवाई का युक्तियुक्त अवसर देने के पश्चात्, इस धारा के अधीन की गई अपील का विनिश्चय, इसके दायर किए जाने की तारीख से छह मास की अवधि के भीतर करेगा।"।
- मूल अधिनियम की धारा 71 में,—

धारा 71 का संशोधन।

- (i) खण्ड (क) में, "भूमि अर्जन अधिनियम, 1894" शब्दों, चिन्ह और अंकों के स्थान पर "भूमि अर्जन, पुनर्वासन और पुनर्व्यव्यस्थापन में उचित प्रतिकर और पारदर्शिता अधिकार अधिनियम, 2013" शब्द, चिन्ह और अंक रखे जाएंगे; और
- (ii) खण्ड (ख) में, " उन्हीं शक्तियों का प्रयोग करेगा जो" शब्दों के पश्चात् "अध्याय 9—क और 9—ख के सिवाय" शब्द, चिन्ह और अंक अन्तःस्थापित किए जाएंगे।
- 9. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 72 की उपधारा (2) के पश्चात् धारा 72 का संशोधन। निम्नलिखित उपधारा अन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:—

"(2क) विशेष क्षेत्र विकास प्राधिकरण उद्योगों, होटलों, ईट भट्ठों, अपार्टमेंटों, शॉपिंग मॉल आदि सहित वाणिज्यिक स्थापनों पर ऐसी दरों पर अवसंरचना और रख—रखाव प्रभार उद्गृहीत कर सकेगा जैसे विहित किए जाएं, जिन्हें सरकार के पूर्व अनुमोदन से अवसंरचनाओं, जैसे कि सड़कों, पार्कों, पार्किंग आदि के विकास और रख—रखाव के लिए उपयोग में लाया जा सकेगा।"।

धारा 78 ग का संशोधन।

- 10. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 ग में,-
 - (क) "तीन वर्ष" शब्दों के स्थान पर "पांच वर्ष" शब्द रखे जाएंगे; और
 - (ख) परन्तुक में, "तीन मास " शब्दों के स्थान पर "एक मास" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

धारा 78 ढ का 11. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78ढ की उपधारा (2) के पश्चात् संशोधन। निम्नलिखित उपधारा अन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:—

"(3) कोई भी संप्रवर्तक जिसे इस अधिनियम के अधीन अनुज्ञप्ति प्रदान की गई है, बिना किसी युक्तियुक्त कारण से इस धारा, धारा 78 त या 78 थ और तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों या विनियमों के उपबंधों का पालन करने में असफल रहता है या उनका उल्लंघन करता है तो वह दोषसिद्धि पर, कारावास से जिसकी अवधि तीन वर्ष तक की हो सकेगी या जुर्माने से जो पांच लाख रुपए तक का हो सकेगा या दोनों से, दण्डित किया जाएगा।"।

धारा 78 त का संशोधन।

- 12. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 त में,—
 - (क) उपधारा (3) में "सात सौ रूपए प्रति वर्ग मीटर की दर से निर्धारित विकास प्रभारों का पच्चीस प्रतिशत या उसके भाग को विकास प्रभार के रूप में" शब्दों के स्थान पर "विकास प्रभार, जैसे विहित किए जाएं" शब्द और चिन्ह अन्तःस्थापित किए जाएंगे।;

- (ख) उपधारा (4) में, "तीन वर्ष" शब्दों के स्थान पर ''पांच वर्ष'' शब्द रखे जाएंगे, और
- (ग) उपधारा (8) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित उपधाराएं रखी जाएंगी, अर्थात्:—
- "(8) संप्रवर्तक का, यथास्थिति, परियोजना के प्लॉट क्षेत्र का दस प्रतिशत या ग्रुप हाउसिंग कॉलोनी में कुल अपार्टमेंटों का दस प्रतिशत जहां 30000 हजार वर्गमीटर से अधिक का क्षेत्र है, समाज के आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्गों और न्यूनतम आय वाले समूहों के लिए आरक्षित रखेगा परन्तु जहां परियोजना का कुल क्षेत्र 5,000 से 30,000 वर्ग मीटर के बीच है, तो संप्रवर्तक या तो दस प्रतिशत प्लाटों या दस प्रतिशत अपार्टमेंटों को समाज के ऐसे आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्गों और न्यूनतम आय वाले समूहों के लिए आरक्षित रखेगा या ऐसे प्लॉटों या अपार्टमेंटों के बदले में उन्हें ऐसी शेल्टर फीस, जैसी विहित की जाए, संदत्त कर सकेगा।
- "(8—क)" संप्रवर्तक, यथास्थिति, परियोजना के प्लॉट क्षेत्र का पन्द्रह प्रतिशत या कुल अपार्टमेंटों का पन्द्रह प्रतिशत या अतिसुखावह वास—गृह इकाईयों का पन्द्रह प्रतिशत हिमाचल प्रदेश के स्थायी निवासियों के लिए आरक्षित रखेगा या केवल अतिसुखावह वास—गृह इकाईयों की दशा में शेल्टर फीस, जैसी विहित की जाए, संदत्त कर सकेगा।
- "(8—ख)" निदेशक शेल्टर फीस का पृथक् लेखा अनुरक्षित करेगा जिसको समाज के आर्थिक रूप से कमजोर वर्गों और न्यूनतम आय वाले समूहों के लिए आवासों के सन्निर्माण हेतु उपयोग में लाया जाएगा।

स्पष्टीकरण.--इस धारा के प्रयोजनों के लिए,-

- (i) "ग्रुप हाउसिंग" से आठ से अधिक वास इकाइयों के लिए ग्रुप हाउसिंग अभिप्रेत होगी;
- (ii) "शेल्टर फीस" से नियमों में विनिर्दिष्ट दरों के आधार पर अवधारित, यथास्थिति, प्लॉटों या अपार्टमेंटों या अतिसुखावह

वास-गृह इकाईयों के आरक्षण के बदले में उद्गृहीत और संगृहीत फीस अभिप्रेत होगी; और

- (iii) "अतिसुखावह वास—गृह इकाईयों" से, डयूपलैक्स, अपार्टमैंटस या कॉटेजिज या विलॉज; चाहे किसी भी नाम से ज्ञात हों, अभिप्रेत होंगे ।; और
- (घ) उपधारा (13) के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित उपधारा अन्तःस्थापित की जाएगी, अर्थात्:—
 - "(14) संप्रवर्तक, निदेशक के पूर्व अनुमोदन से, किसी अनुमोदित परियोजना को ऐसी रीति में और ऐसी फीस, जैसी विहित की जाए, के संदाय पर किसी अन्य रिजस्ट्रीकृत संप्रवर्तक को अन्तरित कर सकेगा। तथापि, रिजस्ट्रीकृत संप्रवर्तक किसी अनुमोदित परियोजना को अपने नाम पर केवल ऐसी रीति में, ऐसी फीस, प्रतिभूति और सेवा प्रभारों, जैसे विहित किए जाएं, के संदाय पर विधिमान्य अनुज्ञप्ति प्राप्त करने के पश्चात् ही अन्तरित कर सकेगा।"।

धारा 78 न का संशोधन।

- 13. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 न में ,-
 - (क) उपधारा (1) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित उपधारा रखी जाएगी, अर्थात:—
 - "(1) परियोजना के अनुमोदन अर्थात् इस अधिनियम की धारा 78 त की उपधारा (3) के अधीन अनुज्ञप्ति प्रदान किए जाने के पश्चात्, संप्रवर्तक क्रेता की सहमति के बिना और विहित रीति में सक्षम प्राधिकारी के अनुमोदन के बिना परियोजना में कोई परिवर्धन या परिवर्तन नहीं करेगा।"; और
 - (ख) उपधारा (2) में, "एक वर्ष की अवधि के भीतर," शब्दों और चिन्ह के पश्चात् "क्रेता द्वारा" शब्द अन्तःस्थापित किए जाएंगे।

धारा 78 ब का संशोधन।

- 14. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 ब में,-
 - (क) उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (i) में, "किसी भवन के लिए" शब्दों के पश्चात् "सम्पूर्ण परियोजना या उसके किसी भाग की बाबत" शब्द अन्तःस्थापित किए जाएंगे; और

- (ख) उपधारा (2) में, "का अनुपालन करने के बारे में अपना समाधान होने पर, एक अधिभोग प्रमाण-पत्र जारी करेगा" शब्दों और चिन्हों के स्थान पर "और संप्रवर्तक द्वारा कार्यान्वित किए गए विकास कार्य का अनुपालन करने के बारे अपना समाधान होने पर सम्पूर्ण परियोजना या उसके किसी भाग के लिए एक अधिभोग प्रमाण-पत्र जारी करेगा" शब्द और चिन्ह रखे जाएंगे।
- 15. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 य घ में,--

धारा 78 य घ का संशोधन।

- (क) उपधारा (1) के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित उपधारा रखी जाएगी, अर्थात:--
- "(1) प्रत्येक संप्रवर्तक जिसे किसी कॉलोनी का विकास करने के लिए धारा 78 त के अधीन अनुज्ञप्ति प्रदान की गई है, सेवा प्रभार, जो विहित किए जाएं, जमा करेगा ।":
- (ख) उपधारा (3) में, "ऐसे प्राधिकरण में निहित होगी जिसे राज्य सरकार इस निमित्त अधिसूचित करे, और यह उस प्राधिकरण द्वारा प्रशासित की जाएगी" शब्दों और चिन्ह के स्थान पर "निदेशक में निहित होगी" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।: और
- (ग) उपधारा (4) में, " उपधारा (3) के अधीन अधिसूचित प्राधिकरण" शब्दों, कोष्ठक और अंक के स्थान पर "निदेशक" शब्द रखा जाएगा।
- 16. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 78 य घ के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित नई धारा 78 नई धाराएं अन्तःस्थापित की जाएंगी, अर्थातः-

य ङ और 78 य च

"य ङ. छूटें.– इस अधिनियम की धारा 78 य घ में यथा उपबंधित के सिवाय, अध्याय 9-क और 9-ख में यथा अन्तर्विष्ट कोई बात लागू नहीं होगी, यदि संप्रवर्तक-

(क) भूमि या हाउसिंग का विकास करने के लिए गठित कोई स्थानीय प्राधिकरण या कानूनी निकाय या इस अधिनियम की धारा 40 या धारा 67 के अधीन गठित कोई प्राधिकरण है:

- (ख) भूमि या आवास के विकास या राज्य सरकार या केन्द्रीय सरकार के पूर्णतः स्वामित्वाधीन या उनके नियन्त्रणाधीन उद्योग के संवर्धन के लिए सुजित कोई कम्पनी या कोई निकाय है: और
- (ग) लोक हित या लोक उपयोगिता की कोई परियोजना जिसे समय की कतिपय अवधि के पश्चात् सरकार को अंतरित किया जाना है:

परन्तु यदि उपरोक्त यथाविनिर्दिष्ट प्राधिकरण, अधिनियम की धारा 29 के अधीन भूमि के किसी विकास को कार्यान्वित करना चाहते हैं, तो वे निदेशक को, भूमि उपयोग में परिवर्तन और योजना की अनुज्ञा के लिए लिखित में आवेदन करेंगे।

78 यच. अधिनियम के अध्याय 9-क और अध्याय 9-ख के उपबंधों के उल्लंघन के लिए शास्ति.- (1) इस अधिनियम की धारा 38 और 39 में यथा उपबन्धित के सिवाय, संप्रवर्तक से अन्यथा, कोई भी व्यक्ति जो इस अधिनियम के अध्याय 9-क और अध्याय 9-ख के उपबंधों और तदधीन बनाए गए नियमों या विनियमों के उल्लंघन में कॉलोनी या भवन का सन्निर्माण करता है, दोषसिद्धि पर कारावास से, जो सात वर्ष तक का हो सकेगा या जुर्माने से जो दस लाख रूपए तक का हो सकेगा या दोनों से दण्डित किया जाएगा।

(2) इस अधिनियम के अधीन अधिरोपित जुर्माना भू-राजस्व के बकाया के रूप में वसूल किया जाएगा और इस प्रकार वसूल जुर्माने में से न्यायालय ऐसी रकम, जैसी वह उचित समझे, उस व्यक्ति को जिससे, यथास्थिति, संप्रवर्तक या सम्पदा अभिकर्ता द्वारा अग्रिम या जमा राशि अभिप्राप्त की गई थी, दिलवा सकेगा।"।

17. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 83-क के पश्चात् निम्नलिखित धारा 83-क परन्तुक अन्तःस्थापित किया जाएगा, अर्थातः-

> "परन्तु सेवा प्रदान करने वाले प्राधिकरण, भवन या भूमि के सेवा संयोजनों (क्नेक्शनज) को तत्काल काट देंगे यदि अनुमोदित

का संशोधन।

योजना में कोई विचलन या किया गया कोई अनधिकृत सन्निर्माण निदेशक या निदेशक की शक्तियों से निहित अधिकारी द्वारा ऐसे प्राधिकरणों के नोटिस में लाया जाता है।"।

18. मूल अधिनियम की धारा 87 की उपधारा (2) के खण्ड धारा 87 का (xxxvi) में, "78 य ग" अंकों और अक्षरों के स्थान पर "78 य घ" अंक और संशोधन। अक्षर रखे जाएंगे।

यह विधेयक विधान सभा द्वारा पारित किया गया है।

मिन श्री का भारती अंध्यास हिमाचल प्रदेश विधान समा, शिमली

शिमला-171 004

दिनांक : 29-4- 2015

में इस विवेयक पर अनुमति देता हूं !

राज्यपाल। राज्यपाल राज्यपाल हिमाचल प्रदेश

शिमला-171 002

दिनांक : 10-05- 2015

AUTHORITATIVE ENGLISH TEXT

BILL NO. 8 OF 2015

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2015

(As Passed By the Legislative Assembly)

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2015

ARRANGEMENT OF CLAUSES

Clauses:

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Amendment of long title.
- 3. Amendment of section 1.
- 4. Amendment of section 2.
- 5. Amendment of section 15-A.
- 6. Amendment of section 16.
- 7. Amendment of section 32.
- 8. Amendment of section 71.
- 9. Amendment of section 72.
- 10. Amendment of section 78c.
- 11. Amendment of section 78n.
- 12. Amendment of section 78p.
- 13. Amendment of section 78t.
- 14. Amendment of section 78w.
- 15. Amendment of section 78zd.
- 16. Insertion of new sections 78ze and 78zf.
- 17. Amendment of section 83-A.
- 18. Amendment of section 87.

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2015

(As Passed By the Legislative Assembly)

Α

BILL

further to amend the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Act, 1977 (Act No. 12 of 1977).

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Himachal Pradesh in the Sixty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- 1. This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Short title. Planning (Amendment) Act, 2015.
- 2. In long title of the Himachal Pradesh Town and Country Planning Amendment Act, 1977 (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act"), after the words of long title. "Special Area Development Authority", the sign "," shall be inserted.
- 3. In section 1 of the principal Act, in sub-section (3a), after the Amendment words "apartments or colonies", the words "for the purpose of selling" shall of section 1. be inserted.
 - 4. In section 2 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 2.

(a) for clause (ze), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

SEW CO.

"(ze) "colony" means an area of land not less than 2500 square metres contiguous divided or proposed to be divided into plots or apartments or buildings for residential, commercial or industrial purposes including cyber city,

cyber park, construction of flats in form of group housing or for construction of integrated commercial complexes, but does not include any area of Abadi-deh of a village falling inside its Lal Lakir or land divided or proposed to be divided—

(i) for the purpose of agriculture:

Provided that such land shall not be used for the development of colony;

- (ii) as a result of partition by way of inheritance or succession without a motive of developing a colony; and
- (iii) by a company, institution or factory for providing residential accommodation for its employees:

Provided that there is neither profit motive nor ownership of such houses shall be transferred to the employees and their rights to accommodation shall be restricted to the period of their employment with such company, institution or factory;"; and

(b) in clause (zu),—

- (a) in sub-clause (ii), for the words "for the purpose or", the words "for the purpose of" shall be substituted.; and
- (b) for sub-clause (iii), except Explanation, the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(iii) constructs more than eight apartments or converts an existing building into more than eight apartments or develops a colony and the person who sells apartments or plots are different persons in any planning area, or any special area or any deemed

planning area as specified in sub-section (3a) of section 1, the terms includes both of them.".

5. In section 15-A of the principal Act, in sub-section (1), for the Amendment words "three years", the words "five years" shall be substituted. 15-A.

of section

6. In section 16 of the principal Act, in clause (c), after the word, Amendment figures and sign "section 13,", the words, figures and signs "in any special area or any deemed planning area as specified in sub-section (3a) of section 1" shall be inserted.

of section

7. In section 32 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 32.

- in sub-section (1), for the words and figures "granting permission (a) on conditions or refusing permission under section 31", the words "passed under any of the provisions of this Act" shall be substituted.; and
- (b) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(2) The officer appointed under sub-section (1) shall, after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard, decide the appeal preferred under this section within a period of six months from the date of filing of the same.".
- In section 71 of the principal Act,— 8.

Amendment of section 71.

- in clause (a), for the words, figures and signs "Land Acquisition (i) Act, 1894", the words, figures and signs "Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013" shall be substituted.; and
- in clause (b), after the words "under this Act", the words "except (ii) CHAPTERS IX-A and IX-B" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 72.

- 9. In section 72 of the principal Act, after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(2a) The Special Area Development Authority may levy infrastructure and maintenance charges at such rates as may be prescribed on the commercial establishments including industries, hotels, brick kiln, apartments, shopping mall etc. which may be utilized on development and maintenance of infrastructure like roads, parks, parking etc. with the prior approval of the Government."

Amendment of section. 78c.

- 10. In section 78c of the principal Act,—
- (a) for the words "three years", the words "five years" shall be substituted.; and
- (b) in the proviso, for the words "three months", the words "one month" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 78n.

- 11. In section 78n of the principal Act, after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(3) Any promoter who has been granted licence under this Act, without reasonable cause, fails to comply with or contravenes the provisions of this section, sections 78p or 78q and rules or regulations made thereunder, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to five lac rupees or with both."

Amendment of section 78p.

- 12. In section 78p of the principal Act,—
- (a) in sub-section (3), for the words "twenty five percent of development charges assessed at the rate of rupees seven hundred per square metre or part thereof as development charges", the words "development charges as may be prescribed" shall be substituted.;
- (b) in sub-section (4), for the words "three years", the words "five years" shall be substituted.; and

- (c) for sub-section (8), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(8) The promoter shall reserve 10% plotted area of the project or 10% of the total apartments in Group Housing Colony, as the case may be, having above 30,000 square metres of area for Economically Weaker Sections and Low Income Groups of Society, but where the total area of the project is between 5,000 to 30,000 square metres, the promoter shall reserve either 10% plots or 10% apartments for such Economically Weaker Sections and Low Income Groups of Society or may pay such shelter fee in lieu of such plots or apartments as may be prescribed.
 - (8-a) The promoter shall reserve 15% of the plotted area or 15% of the total apartments of the project or 15% of the Luxurious Dwelling Units, as the case may be, to the Bonafide Himachalis or may pay such shelter fee only in case of Luxurious Dwelling Units as may be prescribed.
 - (8-b) The Director shall maintain a separate account of shelter fee which shall be utilized for the construction of houses for Economically Weaker Sections and Low Income Groups of Society.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section,—

- (i) "Group Housing" shall mean the Group Housing for more than eight dwelling units;
- (ii) "shelter fee" shall mean the fee levied and collected in lieu of the reservation of plots or apartments or Luxurious Dwelling Units, as the case may be, determined on the basis of rates specified in the rules; and
- (iii) "Luxurious Dwelling Units" shall mean the Duplex, Apartments or Cottages or Villas by whatever name called.; and

- (d) after sub-section (13), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
 - "(14) The promoter may transfer the approved project to any other registered promoter with the prior approval of Director in such manner and on payment of such fee as may be prescribed. However, the registered promoter may get an approved project transferred in his name only after getting a valid licence in such manner, on payment of such fee, security and service charges as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 78t.

- 13. In section 78t of the principal Act,—
- (a) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
 - "(1) After the approval of the project i.e. grant of licence under sub-section (3) of section 78p of this Act, the promoter shall not make any addition or alteration in the project, without the consent of the buyer and without the prior approval of competent authority in the prescribed manner."; and
- (b) in sub-section (2), after the words "notice of the promoter", the words "by the buyer" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 78w.

- 14. In section 78w of the principal Act,—
- (a) in sub-section (1), in clause (i), after the words "completion and occupation certificate", the words "in respect of complete project or part thereof" shall be inserted.; and
- (b) in sub-section (2), for the words "issue an occupation certificate", the words and sign "and development work carried out by the promoter, issue an occupation certificate for complete project or part thereof" shall be substituted.

15. In section 78 zd of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 78zd.

- for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, (a) namely:
 - "(1) Every promoter to whom a license has been granted under section 78p to develop a colony shall deposit the service charges as may be prescribed.";
- in sub-section (3), for the words "in such authority as the State Government may notify in this behalf and shall be administered by that authority", the words "with the Director" shall be substituted.; and
- in sub-section (4), for the words, signs and figure "by the (c) authority notified under sub-section (3)", the words "by the Director" shall be substituted.
- 16. After section 78zd of the principal Act, the following sections Insertion of shall be inserted, namely:—

sections 78ze and 78zf.

"78ze. Exemptions.—Save as provided under section 78zd of this Act, nothing as contained in CHAPTER IX-A and IX-B shall apply, if the promoter is-

- a local authority or statutory body constituted for the (a) development of land or housing or an authority constituted under section 40 or section 67 of this Act;
- a company or a body created for development of land or housing or promotion of industry wholly owned and controlled by the State Government or the Central Government; and
- any project of public interest or public utility which is to be (c) transferred to the Government after certain period of time:

Provided that if the authorities as specified above, intends to carry out any development of land under section 29 of the Act, shall make an application in writing to the Director for seeking change of land use and for planning permission.

78zf. Penalty for contravention of the provisions of CHAPTER IX-A and CHAPTER IX-B of the Act.—(1) Save as provided in sections 38 and 39 of this Act, any person, other than a promoter, who constructs colony or building in contravention of the provisions of CHAPTER IX-A and CHAPTER IX-B of this Act and rules or regulations made thereunder, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to seven years or with fine which may extend to rupees ten lac or with both.

(2) The fine imposed under this Act, shall be recovered as arrears of land revenue and out of the fine so recovered, the court may award such amount as he deems fit to the person from whom the advance or deposit was obtained by the promoter or the estate agent, as the case may be.".

Amendment of section 83-A.

17. After section 83-A of the principal Act, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that the service providing authorities shall disconnect the service connections forthwith of a building or land, in case any deviations from the approved plan or un-authorized constructions is brought to the notice of such authorities by the Director or the officer vested with the powers of the Director."

Amendment of section 87.

18. In section 87 of the principal Act, in sub-section (2), in clause (xxxvi), for the figures and letters "78 zc", the figures and letters "78 zd" shall be substituted.

मैं, हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) विधेयक, 2015 (2015 का विधेयक संख्यांक 8) के उपर्युक्त अनुवाद को भारत के संविधान के अनुच्छेद 348 के खण्ड (3) के अधीन राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में प्रकाशित किए जाने के लिए प्राधिकृत करता हूं।

राज्यसाल, हिमाचल प्रदेश। राज्यपाल हिमाचल प्रदेश

राज्यपाल ने, हिमाचल प्रदेश नगर और ग्राम योजना (संशोधन) विधेयक, 2015 (2015 का विधेयक संख्यांक 8) के उपर्युक्त अनुवाद को भारत के संविधान के अनुच्छेद 348 के खण्ड (3) के अधीन राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश में प्रकाशित किए जाने के लिए प्राधिकृत कर दिया है।

। । ५०९ +>>>> प्रधान सचिव (विधि), हिमाचल प्रदेश सरकार।